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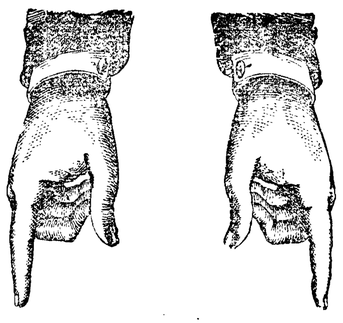
Lewis Levy, Manager.



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We are sole agents for the American Lady Corsets and Sorosis Black Underskirts

LEWIS LEVY

COUNCIL VOTES SEVEN AYES

Passes Street Grade Ordinance Over Mayor's Veto; All Members Voting.

Communication from Mayor Appleton vetoing Ordinance No. 348 as passed by Council June 5th was read and ordered spread upon the minutes. Motion to reconsider vote of previous session carried. Motion to adopt Ordinance 348 was carried, all seven councilmen voting aye.

Councilman Bown spoke of his progress in the cemetery work of reorganization and asked if assistance could not be had from current expense fund. City Atty Smith replied that such could be done according to law.

The following bids for the position of engineer of the light plant were referred to committee with power to act: J. H. Gorgens at $135 per month; David Ferguson $125; A. M. Smith $110.

Following bills ordered paid: Gutenberg Bros., supplies, $6.45; Filion Mill, lumber, $50.45; D. O'Brien, wood, $45.

$30 ordered expended on grading on Second between Peabody and Albert, the petitioners agreeing to remove stumps; $20 ordered expended in gravelling on Peabody. Leveling of Eighth, between Lincoln and Laurel, referred to street committee with power to act.

TIRED OF LIFE

Aged Resident is Thought to Have Taken Poison

Gustaz Hechtman, an uncle of Mrs. C. A. Lawrence, died at their home on Lincoln Heights, the funeral being held from McKee & LaFlower's chapel Wednesday, Rev. G. N. Edwards officiating. Mr. Hechtmann was an elderly man, 72 years, and unmarried.

Mr. Hechtman was about town the day before his death, and appeared to be in his accustomed good spirits; Mr. Laurence noted nothing unusual at the time of retiring, but upon calling him in the morning he failed to answer and was found to be nearly gone. A bottle of carbolic acid, bearing the label of an eastern druggist, which he must have purchased at least four years ago, is thought to have been the cause of his death.

Special Meeting O.R.M.

Clallam Tribe, Imp., O. R. M., will hold a special meeting on Wednesday evening, June 27th, 1906, at 8 p. m., at their Wigwam, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing term. Members are urgently requested to attend. This call is imperative.

GUS. SWANSON, S. Sage.
S. J. CARUSI, C. of R.

Our Home-Made Candies are pure and wholesome; made fresh every day. Finest Chocolates ever in the town. Box candies. Fresh Fruits, Nuts and Berries.

Goldwater Bros.
Phone 3

Captures British Steamer

Inspector Frank Fisher spent three days the past week at Neah Bay, capturing, with the assistance of eight Siwash, the British fishing steamer Athens. He has known for two years that the Athens was in the habit of calling in at the Cape when she pleased, and believing that she was handling opium, has been looking for evidence, so far without success. She was fined $400, which was paid.

ARE HOUNDING DEER

Flagrant Violation of State's Game Laws

It is reported that six men, three of whom are known, are hunting deer with hounds in the Blue Mountain foot hills; two deer were brought out three weeks ago, and it is believed others have been packed out at night. The party is now camped about three miles above Adam Reis' ranch. It would seem that information could easily be obtained by Game Warden Snow which would enable him to break up the practice, which, especially at this season when the fawn are young, is most reprehensible. A good sugestion to prevent such violations of the laws of the state and of common decency is that a deputy game warden be selected from among the residents on each branch road, to be sworn in as such officer, and to serve without pay.

LOCAL LODGE MEN HONORED

John Hansen and E. E. Fisher are Honored by State Lodges.

The Masonic Grand Lodge, in session at Spokane last week, honored our townsman, Mr. J.C. Hansen, by electing him Grand Sword Bearer.

Last Saturday the State Aerie of Eagles held an elective session at Seattle, and among other important business E. E. Fisher of this city was elected State Conductor, which honor is well bestowed.

$2,400 per Month

Will Fields, now book and timekeeper at the Freshwater mill, tells us they are having a splendid run this spring, averaging 116 thousand shingles per day. Mr. Goodwin is employing twenty men, with a pay roll of about $2,400 per month.

35 Men Employed

Some thirty-five men are now employed at the Craig Fish Products plant, the cold storage plant of which is now nearly completed; it is hoped to be ready for business early in July.

In new summer suits, cool and comfortable underwear, neat oxford shoes and the latest thing in straw hats S. J. Lutz & Co. have the largest stock and the highest grade goods. Call and get a square deal.

Acute Rheumatism

Deep tearing or wrenching pains, occasioned by getting wet through; worse when at rest, or when first moving the limbs and in cold or damp weather, is cured quickly by Ballard's Snow Liniment. Oscar Oleson, Gibson City, Ill., Feb. 16, 1902: "A year ago I was troubled with a pain in my back. I soon got so bad I could not bend over. One bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment cured me."

Mathewson's Pharmacy.

TOWNSEND GIVES STREET FRANCHISES

Council Passes Both Railroad Ordinances.

The Townsend city council passed the two railroad ordinances at their Tuesday's session. Coleman & Ballinger, and their associates, are given franchises to lay rails on and along the seven principal streets of the business part of the city; work to be commenced within nine months and completed within two years; any railway company hereafter building to Townsend to have privilege of using said tracks upon payment of rental or otherwise arranging for their use.

The Port Townsend Southern is given the right to extend its tracks from railroad flat up and along Water street, thus securing a central location for its depot instead of remaining a mile out, as at present. It is apparently fully believed in Townsend that the Northern Pacific will commence work on the completion of this line this year.

ARE MAKING CANS

360,000 Cans are Being Made for Angeles Salmon.

Gorman Bros. have installed machinery at the salmon cannery for the manufacture of cans and are now employing a force of twenty Chinese in that line. Fifteen thousand cases, or 360,000 cans, will be made here, the balance necessary for the season's pack being purchased later.

Taking Rest Cure

D. A. Christopher came from Clallam last Saturday after three wagons, that the work on the Cut-off road may be hurried along when the weather permits. Mr. Mitchell is having a time of it finishing his contract on this road. Only one-half days work on the road so far during June when Mr. C. left there Saturday. But it would take something besides rain to disturb Mr. Mitchell's good nature.

Since the San Francisco fire insurance rates have been advanced throughout the entire Coast, excepting in the State of Washington. Has the fact that the Northwestern Mutual Fire Association carries eight times as much insurance on its books in this state as the average stock company, anything to do with keeping the rates down here. We will leave you to judge.

We shall continue to save our policy holders from 25 to 40 per cent. on their insurance premiums, and shall also continue our record for prompt and equitable payments of losses.

Northwestern Mutual Fire Association.
R. C. BUTTON, Agent.

T. S. BROPHY & CO.
Phone 33

The Best is the Cheapest

Poor groceries are expensive at any price. Our prices on good groceries should interest all careful, economical housekeepers.

Are you satisfied with the Flour you are using?

Try Pyramid Flour

The flour that makes the best bread. Its popularity is increasing every day. $1.25 per sack.

We are in business to attend your wants.

T. S. Brophy & Co.
Opera House Block

Excursion to Victoria

Canadian Pacific Steamer Will Run on July Fourth

The C. P. R. excursion steamer Princess May is scheduled for three round trips between Victoria and Angeles on the Fourth, leaving Victoria at 9 a.m., 2 and 7 p.m., and Angeles at 11 a.m., 5 and 10 p.m. Fare between the points 50c. The Princess May, which was run last Fourth, is an ocean going steamer and has recently been overhauled and had a new set of boilers installed, making her a first-class excursion boat.

Christened with Flowers

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Covey and the boys, from Cherokee, Iowa, whom we have mentioned as taking the Mrs. Alice Raymond residence for the summer, are preparing to get all the benefit possible from the invigorating climate of the straits. The boys launched a new skiff last week, named the Clementine, amid a shower of flowers and rice, and are already enrolled with the salmon trollers off the spit. Mrs. Covey is pleased to escape the 90-odd heated term prevailing in Iowa, but thinks it a trifle too cool here as yet.

Wanted, second hand incubators. Describe fully and state lowest cash price. Address W, Olympic-Leader.

Premo and Premoette

PRICE $5 AND UP

The superiority of the Premo is the result of 20 years practical experience in camera construction. The 1906 Premos have exclusive features covered by fifty patents Films and plates for same camera is one of these exclusive features. We'd like to show you our line.

Eastman's Photo Supplies

Films, Plates, Film Packs, Papers, Developers, and Everything used by the photographer. Being direct from the factory all goods are perfectly fresh.

Mathewson's Drug Store
Near Post Office
Phone 28 Mail your Orders

HOME AGAIN.

Babe, be good to daddy,
  Mother isn't here;
Babe, be good to daddy,
  Lie still, that's a dear;
That's right, chew your thumb and goo,
Daddy's all alone with you.
If you yell what will he do?
  Daddy's full of fear.

Babe, be good to daddy—
  Yes, indeed, you can
Have whate'er you long for,
  Here's a painted fan
That your mother prizes high
Here's your mother's beads, and, why!
Here's dad's watch! now bye-o-bye,
  Be a little man.

Babe, be good to daddy,
  You're a lump of bliss!
Babe, be good to daddy—
  What? You want a kiss?
Mother's upped and gone away
To the neighbor's—upsedy!—
Guess her mind's made up to stay,
  Stay all day, you wis.

Babe, be good to daddy—
  Now I hear her call!
Babe! your mother's home again,
  Hear her in the hall?
Swing her beads around with glee,
And her fan—Here! let that be!
Give that watch back here to me!
  Squalling? Well, then squall!
—Houston Post.

SUPERSTITIONS.

FELICIA HAVEN awoke that morning with the sense of being in a new world. She was in the perttiest room of the unfamiliar house that was now her home, the beautiful house that her father had built during her mother's absence in England.

The mother was now on her way home and Mr. Haven had gone to New York to meet her. This evening's train would bring them to the impatient children.

"Let me see," said Felicia, "the first dream in a strange house is sure to come true."

She tried to recall her dream, but retained only a misty impression of something troubled. It was depressing for a moment, but she brightened up with the remembrance that "dreams go by contraries."

"Felicia," called the voice of her twin from below, "aren't you up yet? Do hurry. There's so much to be done before mother comes."

"What a responsible little person Marjorie is," mused Felicia, "always considering what is to be done, instead of giving herself up to the joy of thinking about mother's coming."

The door at the foot of the stairs opened again and the indolent girl jumped hurriedly up.

"Oh, Marjorie," she cried, "see what you've done by being so impatient! You've made me get out on the wrong side of the bed, and you know that's bad luck."

"What nonsense," exclaimed Marjorie, as she ran upstairs and entered her sister's room. "Let me help you dress. Breakfast is getting cold."

"And now my stocking is on wrong side out," whimpered Felicia.

"Well, can't you change it?"

"No, indeed; that would be dreadful bad luck."

"Oh, Fee, what a baby you are! There can't be any bad luck when mother is coming home. Just think, mother is coming home to-night!"

They stood together before the mirror, the round, sensible face and the pale, dreamy one both transfigured with happiness. Suddenly the weaker face was touched with consternation.

"Dear me," murmured Felicia, "we ought never to look in the glass together. That means disappointment.

Marjorie laughed gayly as they came downstairs together.

"When mother comes marching home
  again,"

sung a fresh boy's voice from the veranda.

"Harry! Harry!" called Felicia, "don't you know what will happen to you if you sing before breakfast?"

"I'll dance before night," said Harry, as he took his place at the breakfast table.

"No; you'll cry before night," said Felicia, in her most impressive accents.

"Not much!" said the youth tartly. "There is nothing that will make a man of sixteen weep, unless," with a quizzical look, "it is the consciousness that one of his 14-year-old sisters is a goose."

Even little Joe laughed at that. But Marjorie turned the conversation quickly so as to spare her twin's feelings.

After breakfast there was plenty to be done. Felicia finished working a motto for the wall of her mother's room, and took it upstairs and hung it where her mother's eyes could not fail to rest on it when they opened in the morning.

Standing at a little distance to admire the effect, she heard a strange fluttering noise in the hall. Her heart went up in her throat.

"One of us will have to die soon," she said.

It was the middle of August, and all the windows and doors in the upper story were wide open. Through one of the hall windows a song-sparrow had flown and now, bewildered by its unfamiliar surroundings, it darted blindly here and there until, attracted by the sunlight in the large east room, it flew frantically over Felicia's head, circled for a moment about the ceiling and was gone instantly to the outer world again.

"Oh, my precious mother," sobbed the superstititous girl, dropping on her knees beside the bed, "what awful thing has happened to her? Perhaps the steamer was wrecked, and father will come home alone."

The possibility was heartrending, but still there might be some mistake. She dried her eyes, knowing that Harry would have openly derided her forebodings, and that Marjorie even would have some difficulty in concealing her amusement. How was it that other people did not realize the importance of signs and tokens? Why, only last week Harry had walked under a ladder, and the very next day he lost his dog. It is true that the dog was found again after a few hours, but all that anxiety and searching might have been saved had he only walked around the ladder.

The day was not a cheerful one for Felicia. She remembered gloomily that it was Friday, and that consequently any unlucky event might be expected. She spilled salt at the dinner table, and would have been cast down thereby had not her spirits already fallen to their lowest ebb.

In the afternoon she experienced a momentary gleam of joy when she found by the doorstep what seemed to be a four-leaved clover. Good luck at last was coming her way to counteract the evil omens of the morning. When she discovered that there were five leaves on the clover, she dropped it in despair, two superfluous leaves being as potent for harm as one is for good. As though that had not been enough, the tea leaves in her cup at supper had betokened very ill fortune indeed.

Meanwhile the other children were growing hourly more excited in the prospect of their mother's speedy return. The train was due at 8, but long before that time they formed an impatient group outside the railway station. When the longed-for moment came they gazed breathlessly up the track, and then with keen disappointment into each other's faces.

"Never mind," said Harry, soothingly, "trains are often a few minutes late."

Marjorie and Joe were comforted, but Felicia turned away with a sick feeling of fears confirmed. She went apart from the rest, out to the extreme end of the platform, where the lights were dim and voices inaudible. There,

THEY FORMED AN IMPATIENT GROUP.

in the summer heavens, hung the delicate new moon, a sight to thrill the heart with its beauty.

"Over my left shoulder, of course," said Felicia, bitterly. "Just what I might expect."

She paced restlessly up and down. The other children grew uneasy as the moments passed, and the silence remained unbroken. "Something must be wrong to account for this delay," murmured Marjorie. "It's nearly half-past 8. I wish you would inquire, Harry."

The boy was absent several minutes. They were not alone in their impatience. Some of the neighbors had assembled at the little country station to welcome Mrs. Haven home. Almost unconsciously Felicia counted them. They numbered exactly thirteen. Her dry lips parted with an inward moan.

Harry came not looking a little pale.

"Brace up, girls," he said, with forced cheerfulness, putting a hand on the shoulder of each. "There has been an accident on the road, but they think that no lives are lost. They say that——"

But Felicia did not wait to hear more. She tore herself from her brother's grasp and ran with tears and sobs straight for home and into that dear, peaceful room which, though her mother had never seen it, seemed alive with that loving presence. No, they didn't think any lives were lost, but what availed their thoughts at a time like this? She knew.

She knelt by her mother's bed a long time, her handkerchief drowned in tears. Suddenly a strange peace came to her. The convulsive sobs ceased. It seemed that she had died and gone to heaven, for her mother's light step was moving toward her, her mother's tender, welcoming voice was in her ears. It was saying:

"Where is my little girl? Where is Felicia? Surely she hasn't gone to bed before I came."

Felicia rose doubtfully to her feet. Some one had brought a lamp into the room, and in its gleam she saw a group of shining faces, and among them her mother's arms extended to her. With a cry of rapture she ran into them, but the next moment drew herself a little backward to inquire incredulously:

"But the accident! Wasn't there an accident?"

"Indeed there was," said Mrs. Haven. "That poor cow! The locomotive in striking her flung her straight ahead, and then in some way carried her on wth it for twice the length of the train. I'm afraid the passengers were not so greatly concerned over the fate of the cow as they were over the condition of the locomotive, which was injured by the collision. We came pretty slowly the rest of the way. But surely you weren't alarmed enough to cry."

Felicia hung her head, as all her foolish fears crowded into her mind.

"I'm sorry I've been so silly, mother," she said, "but I will be sensible after this. I'm going to begin at once."

And the utterance of this good new resolution proved to be the very best "sign" that as yet had come into the life of Felicia.—Chicago Daily News.

CUBA AND THE PHILIPPINES.

United States' Policy in the Light of Africa's Development.

With what has been done in Egypt, and is to-day doing in the Soudan and Uganda fresh in mind, the impulse is strong to a belief that, properly handled, Cuba, the Philippines and Santo Domingo might be utilized to establish for the United States a correct, up-to-date, dependent people policy, and one practically workable under our system of government—a policy of influence under the "veiled protectorate," at once sympathetic and altruistic, as contradistinguished from a system of recognized dependencies and foreign domination, says Charles Francis Adams in the Century.

But in effecting our results on these lines, diplomacy and the law of moral and material gravitation, not the big stick, either quiescent or flourished, must be relied on; our admiration for the man who does things should be tempered by a little respect for him who is wise enough to know when and how to wait. Lord Cromer has been twenty-five years in Cairo; and to-day there is hardly a full British battalion in Egypt.

Cuba has been measurably thus dealt with. The Philippines should, I now believe, from the beginning have been dealt with in this way. If so, the steps hitherto there taken cannot too soon be retraced. The pleasing but slightly childish fancy that a few generations of our rule will suffice to transform Filipinos into Yankees is not likely to bear the test. As the vernacular has it—"it will not wash!" And, for that matter, no amount of "wash," or white-wash, will cause the Asiatic to change his spots. The Malay will to the end, and in the end, be a Malay!—and he will not shade off into a town-meeting Yankee. Why in our boundless self-complacency thus nurse unending delusions! The schoolmarm can do much; but she cannot make that white which nature decreed brown or black. Foreign domination, for which the American is ill-adapted, should, then, give way to the largest practicable measure of dependency home rule; dictation from without to a sympathetic, if alien—and, because alien, diplomatically "veiled" protectorate.

Santo Domingo next looms on the horizon. Is Santo Domingo more fitted for self-government than the Philippines? But for Santo Domingo latter-day Egypt blazes a possible path; the path of self-government, subject to foreign influence. On the other hand, it must also be conceded that in the world that now is, just as every citizen, even though he may be more or less irregular in face of money obligations, must still recognize the police power, no community can ignore the debt due from it to civilization. But, again, there is a world of difference between a modern "mandate of civilization" and the old-timer is major warrant. Assuming, therefore, that the influence of the "veiled" protectorate may be for all concerned most advantageously displace and replace foreign domination, the self-constituted international bailiff and policeman may, when he initiates proceedings to compel satisfaction of civilization's debt, not impossibly get, at just this juncture, quite a number of very useful hints from benighted Africa.

MACHINE HELPS TO COUNT.

Device that Registers the Tens in Adding a Column of Figures.

An invention of recent date is an adding device, which was designed to assist a person in adding one or more columns of figures.

It consists of a disk which registers the tens in the columns, the latter being quickly and accurately added without unnecessarily burdening or taxing the memory with a multiplicity of figures.

Printed on the face of the disk is a series of numerals representing tens in consecutive order from 1 to 26, the disk being held in the hand and rotated. In use the disk is held in the left hand, with the forefinger resting in the notch or depression represented by the higher numeral, 26 in the present instance.

In adding a column of figures the tens are registered on the disk by moving the finger from one notch to the next as they appear in the process of adding, the units only being carried from one figure or group of figures to the next.

For instance, if it is desired to add 89, 97, 68 and 46 one would proceed as follows for the first column: Six and eight are fourteen; the ten is registered on the disk by moving the finger in the first notch and the four units carried. Four and seven are eleven; move the finger to the second notch and carry the one. One and nine are ten; move the finger to the third notch and put down "0."

Now the register has registered three tens, so there are three to carry to the next column and so on. Any number of columns of any length may be added in like manner, not more than eighteen units being carried in the mind at one time.

Price? Or Reason?

Hewitt—A doctor is going to perform an operation on me to-morrow.

Jewett—What for?

Hewitt—The usual rate—two hundred dollars.—Woman's Home Companion.

Of course you earn an enormous salary—but do you get it?

EDITORIALS

OPINIONS OF GREAT PAPERS ON IMPORTANT SUBJECTS

NEED OF UNIFORM MARRIAGE LAWS.

IT is a long time since anything has happened to indicate the need of uniform marriage laws more clearly than the recent decision of the United States Supreme Court on the validity in New York of a Connecticut divorce.

A husband deserted his New York wife, went to Connecticut, secured a divorce from her there and married again. Many years later the New York wife sued the man whom she had married, for support, and the New York court to which she applied ordered the man to pay her an annuity.

He thereupon appealed to the United States Supreme Court against the New York decree, alleging that under the constitution New York was bound to recognize the validity of the decree of the Connecticut court—that he was no longer the woman's husband, and not bound to support her.

The Supreme Court has decided against the husband. If the husband's contention were allowed, the court holds, "Any person who was married in one State and who wished to violate the marital obligations would be able . . . to go into the State where the laws were the most lax, and there avail of them for the severance of the marriage tie and the destruction of the rights of the other party to the marriage contract, to the overthrow of the laws and public policy of the other States."

Hundreds of husbands and wives have attempted to do just this thing by going into States where the laws are lax and securing divorces on frivolous grounds, in order that they may marry again. This decision, while protecting the rights of the husband or wife who has been put away in this manner, throws a shadow upon the relations of those persons who have married after such divorces, affects the title of all property transferred by a husband after such a divorce, and puts in doubt the right of offspring of such doubtful marriages to inherit the property of their parents.

Such complications will continue to arise as long as the marriage and divorce laws of the States differ so radically as at present.—Youth's Companion.

THE EARTHQUAKE CURE.

SAN FRANCISCO reports that a number of persons who suffered from various ailments previously to the earthquake and fire in that city find themselves completely cured. One paralytic, who for fifteen years had been crippled by his disease, is now "entirely cured," and numerous other recoveries have been recorded. These are interesting by-products of the catastrophe, such, for example, as the case of the young girl whose vocal organs would not work after the shock, but who recovered her voice when overcome by emotion at the sight of her mother.

Travelers in lands subject to frequent seismic disturbances have recorded many curious incidents of the effect produced by shocks on human beings. During the war between Japan and Russia, a party of foreigners gave a dinner to one of their number in a Japanese city. The feast was not of food alone, and when it had been in progress some time the diners allowed themselves to act in a manner less dignified and reserved than is customary among grown men. The dinner was ended by an earthquake. The effect of the tremor was to reduce every person present from the gayety produced by good wines to his normal condition of sobriety. One distinguished European military officer of middle life found himself standing on a table howling a famous drinking song. Another man of equal dignity was dancing to illustrate a story he had just told. Their confusion was most apparent and the party broke up immediately. If earthquakes counteract the effect of alcoholic beverages, the experiment of confining dipsomaniacs in territories subject to shocks might be worth trying.

There is no mystery about the cures reported from California. It does not need an earthquake to demonstrate the power of fright, or any strong emotion or shock to overcome physical maladies. A farmer so crippled by rheumatism as to be unable to do more than hobble along with the aid of crutches has been known to develop amazing agility in the presence of an angry bull. Medical histories are filled with similar cases. The fact that they are common does not detract from their interest.—New York Sun.

THE RUN FOR SUCCESS.

THE excuses some people make for their stolidity and failure are like the old woman's excuse for her idle clock. She said that as long as it wasn't running it was right twice in twenty-four hours, while if she started it going it might never be right. People may be right once in a while by standing still. But it is no credit to them. Better to make a run for it, even though there be many missteps.

The failures, who have never honestly tried, always have a lot to say about bad luck. They forget that those who have tried and succeeded might also have sat down and summoned a horde of hindrances, but had something better to think about, and stepped boldly out and marched ahead. The unsuccessful person is he who has said: "The way is dark, and I have no light; mountains are to be climbed, and there is no path; rivers to be crossed, and no bridges. No, I will not attempt the journey. I am safe where I am."

The successful one has said, "Well, I'll try; here goes!" and, saving his breath and energy for better purposes than melancholy croakings, gets there. Often when defeat seems to be crushing us some slight adjustment reverses the entire situation. Hindrances that we surmount become helps, because surmounting strengthens.—Kansas City World.

THE COST OF WAR.

THE United States every year expends about $140,000,000 in pensions for wars that are past, and somewhere between $180,000,000 and $200,000,000 in being prepared against wars of the future. In the last fiscal year there was paid out for the naval establishment $122,000,000; for the support of the army and the Military Academy, $77,000,000. Taken altogether, pensions, the navy and the fleet called for $340,000,000. A comparison between the cost of the arts of war and the arts borne by the government is afforded by the fact that the agricultural appropriation for the last fiscal year was $5,942,040. The comparison is made even more striking when we realize that from 1839 to the present day, counting the present proposed appropriation, the aggregate appropriations for the Department of Agriculture are $65,737,272.12, or $12,000,000 less than was expended on the army last year. Yet we are a peaceful nation, depending largely on agriculture for our prosperity.—Boston Transcript.

RIDING THE "HORSESHOE."

The announcement that the railroad which owns the famous "Horseshoe" curve, five miles west of Altoona, Pa., is about to tunnel under the mountain there and abandon the old line over it, will be received with pleasure by many railroad men, especially by the brakemen who, in winter and summer, in rain, snow, sleet and sunshine, have had to ride on the roofs of freight cars, braking heavy trains down this tremendous grade. The curve lies down a mountainside, into and out of an immense "cove" in the mountains, with a deep chasm yawning at the brink of the outer of four tracks. Coal, coke and iron from the Pittsburg district go east that way, and often come down the curve at terrific speed. The brakemen run along the tops of the swaying cars with stout sticks, which they twist in the brake wheels for additional leverage. The bulk of the traffic is within the State, so that the air-brake law does not greatly affect it.

In snowy weather the dangers for the brakeman are increased many fold, and give rise to many thrilling escapades—and some failures to escape. A Chicago party traveling east on the limited train were helpless witnesses to what fortunately was merely thrilling. The limited was speeding eastward on the second track from the edge of the chasm. The day was snowy and windy, and the platform of the observation car at the end of the train was full of heavy snow. Nevertheless, the prospect of the ride down the Horseshoe tempted the party outside, where they stood sheltered by the projecting wall of the car.

Almost at the summit they overtook a freight train on the outer track which shut off their view. The freight was soon running as fast as the express. The tops of the cars were covered with snow, and the train was swaying frightfully, so that it seemed every moment as if it must leave the track.

Along the top of that swaying train came a brakeman running, stick in hand, to set the brakes. How he kept his footing a moment was a mystery to them as they watched him in expectation of seeing him dashed to death; yet for a time by wonderful skill he ran along each car, jumped from one to the other, and kept to the running-board. But at last he slipped, missed his footing, threw up his hands, and shot suddenly, horribly, feet first, toward the chasm on the other side.

The men on the passenger train were sick at heart, but they could do nothing. They thought the man was gone. Then suddenly they saw his stick waving in the air over the roof of the car; and one, climbing to the rail, discovered that in falling he had caught the running-board with one hand, and was hanging over the chasm thus supported.

It did not seem possible for a man so to hang for more than a moment. Far less did it look as if he could possibly climb back. Yet while they watched absolutely powerless to aid him, the hand which held the stick waved uncertainly in the air for a minute longer, then turned until the stick caught under the running-board. The brakeman pulled himself with that leverage until he could catch that hand, too, on the board, and soon up he scrambled to the roof, his face scratched, his cap gone, but the whole man there.

He gave a single white-faced glance down into the chasm he had escaped, shook himself, felt of his arms, stooped down and picked up his stick, and then with a glance along the roof, sped to the next car, and began again the task of setting brakes, for which there was evidently the most urgent need.

When the foot of the curve was reached the Chicagoans went back into their car weak with the strain of witnessing the incident, with a last glimpse of the brakeman sitting on a wheel and knotting a bandanna handkerchief for a cap.

MUSIC IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Germany Getting the Bulk of the Trade in This Line.

Recently Consul Snodgrass of Pretoria was requested by a number of American manufacturers of musical instruments to give them information concerning the trade in South Africa, for the purpose of extending their lines in competition with the United Kingdom and Germany, the two nations that appear to have made the greatest advances during the last three years in that market, says the New York Herald. He said:

"While the war and droughts have had a bad effect on these colonies and the purchase of luxuries for the home, such as pianos and organs, $1,000,000 to $1,500,000 is being spent annually from the cape to the Zambesi upon musical instruments. The Transvaal has become a great purchaser of musical instruments. Where in 1902 $109,310 was thus spent, in 1903 the figures increased to $176,120, and in 1904 a grand total of $310,485 was expended. This indicates somewhat the permanence of home making against the prevalent theory that South Africa is only a transient abiding place since the discovery of rich minerals. The Transvaal country purchased musical goods in 1904 from Germany to the value of $163,280, from England $92,015 worth and $39,590 from the United States.

"Germany has far outstripped all competitors, having increasing its sales in musical instruments tenfold in two years and leading the United Kingdom despite its preferential duty of 2½ per cent by almost double in importations. The United States increased its trade about fourfold in the same period, but enjoys only one-fourth of the trade of Germany, while France, though making a small showing in the grand total, multiplied its exports of 1903 by twenty. Great Britain holds about 40 per cent of this important musical trade in the whole of South Africa, the proportion being about $600,000. Of this one-fifth represents trans-shipped foreign goods. Germany's share is about 47 per cent and that of the United States only 8 per cent. Great Britain and Germany have the honors almost equally divided in the case of pianos, though American pianos are gaining in public favor, and by observing the suggestions of dealers sales will increase.

Druggists and Borrowing.

New York druggists are frequent borrowers. Only the most complete pharmacies are constantly supplied with all the drugs required in compounding medicines. When a druggist is asked to fill a short notice prescription calling for some drug that he does not happen to have on hand, he does not take time to telephone to a wholesale house for the missing ingredient, but sends around to the nearest drug store and tries to borrow it. It is a peculiar feature of the situation that druggists seldom buy anything outright from each other. They merely borrow, then, after having replenished their stock from the wholesale houses they pay back the loan.—New York Post.

Is Compelled To.

Editorial Writer—You can't imagine how tired it makes a man to write all this stuff day after day, year after year.

Proofreader—Ah, yes, I can. I read it.—Somerville Journal.

One of Many.

Mrs. Whyte—Is your husband even-tempered?

Mrs. Browne—Well, yes, I suppose so. Sometimes he's even bad-tempered.—Somerville Journal.

There is one thing about carrying an umbrella during threatening weather: If there is no rain, the umbrella won't hurt you.

NEW LINE TO SOUTH

PRESIDENT LEVEY MAKES AN ANNOUNCEMENT.

New Road to Follow Old Union Pacific Right of Way From Tacoma to Columbia River. Electricity Will Likely Be Used for Power.

Tacoma, June 27.—President C. M. Levey, of the Portland & Seattle Railway Company, and who is also third vice president of the Northern Pacific, with headquarters in Tacoma, announced yesterday that the road of which he is president has begun the construction of another railroad, which will connect Seattle and Tacoma with Portland.

"I have a notion the new road will be an electric line," he said, "but it may be a steam road. In fact, all the details have not yet been worked out, though the work will go ahead as rapidly as possible."

The new line, Mr. Levey announces, will be constructed from Tacoma to Portland over the old Union Pacific grade and right of way, which was recently bought up by the Northwestern Improvement Company. The announcement follows the transfer of the grade from the improvement company to the Portland & Seattle railroad, which was made in Thurston county Monday and in Pierce county Tuesday.

"As for the line between Tacoma and Seattle," said Mr. Levey, "surveys have been made, and before we stop the Portland and Seattle will have a direct line from Elliott bay to the Willamette river. Work commenced yesterday morning by a grading crew at Chehalis and the renewing of the grade between that place and Centralia will be the first work done on the new road. The old grade is in good shape, and it is not going to be a hard problem to build the road.

"The Portland & Seattle road has simply acquired title to this old grade and it now proposes to go ahead and utilize it."

All the rights of the Northwestern Improvement Company in the different counties to the old grade are now being transferred to the Portland & Seattle. If the new road adheres closely to the old grade it will run from Tacoma direct to Vancouver, where the old grade ends.

The Columbia river will doubtless be crossed on the bridge being constructed by the Hill railroads.

UNIVERSITY GROUNDS FOR EXPOSITION SITE

Seattle, June 23.—The university campus as a site for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition was unanimously adopted by the executive committee last night. The sub-committee appointed to examine the different locations which were under consideration made their report through Director General I. A. Nadeau in favor of the university campus, and it was voted on by the full committee and passed without a single nay. In order to conform to the by-laws of the exposition the matter will be referred to the trustees for confirmation at a special meeting to be held Monday.

Although the matter was not brought up at the meeting, it is certain that no liquor will be sold on the grounds. Under the state law it is impossible to sell intoxicating liquors on the university grounds, or within a considerable distance of them.

The selection of the university grounds has been almost a foregone conclusion ever since the site was offered by the regents. It is considered to possess a maximum of advantages with a minimum of drawbacks.

JAPS EXPECT ANOTHER ROUND WITH RUSSIA

Victoria, B. C., June 25.—J. F. Kennedy, until recently publisher of the Japanese Advertiser of Yokohama, who arrived on the steamer Tremont, said there was a general impression in Japan that another war with Russia would be fought before many years, in fact as soon as Russia could recover for another campaign. What ground there was for this he could not say, but he instanced a conversation with noted Japanese statesmen, who were of this opinion. Considerable instances of friction between Russians and Japanese are reported from Manchuria and Vladivostok, where eronous restrictions are being imposed upon the Japanese and where twenty-one Japanese were recently arrested and imprisoned as spies.

Holds Trust Debts Not Valid

St. Louis, June 27.—In the circuit court Judge Ryan decided in favor of a purchaser who contended that he does not have to pay for goods which he voluntarily bought from a concern which, he alleges, is a member of a so-called trust. The amount of the debt was small, but the principle, if upheld, places trust debts on the same footing as gambling debts.

Salvation Army Commander Weds

London, June 27. — Commander Booth-Tucker and Miss Minnie Reed were married Monday at Salvation Army headquarters in South Tottenham. Gen. Booth officiated. Only relatives and high officers were present.

FINES AND PRISON

SENTENCES PASSED ON REBATERS AT KANSAS CITY.

Burlington Railroad Company and Packers Each Assessed $15,000—Agents Fined Less, But are Given Prison Sentences. Outcome Regarded Important.

Kansas City, June 23.—In the United States District court here Judge McPherson passed sentence upon the seven defendants recently convicted in this court of making concessions and accepting and conspiring to accept rebates on shipments. Judgments in the nature of fines were assessed as follows:

Swift & Co., Cudahy Packing Company, the Armour Packing Company, Nelson Morris & Co., the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, $15,000 each; George L. Thomas, of New York, was fined $6,000 and sentenced to four months in the penitentiary, and L. B. Taggart, of New York, was fined $4,000 and sentenced to three months in the penitentiary.

The fine of $15,000 assessed against the Burlington covered all four counts, the aggregate amount of the fines in the seven cases totaling $85,000.

Appeals were filed in each case, and a stay of execution was granted until June 29. The bonds in the case of Thomas and Taggart were fixed at $6,000 each. These two men appeared in court personally, and upon being sentenced promptly furnished the required bonds. The bonds in the case of the packing companies and the Burlington were fixed at $15,000 each.

More Prosecutions Suggested.

In speaking of the Thomas and Taggart cases, Judge McPherson said that evidence had been adduced to show that not only these, but the following-named concerns received the sums stated from the railways:

Barton Bros., $8,220; Robert Keith Furniture Company, Kansas City, $9,300; Emery Bird, Thayer Dry Goods Company, $32,000; Burnham-Hanna-Munger Dry Goods Company, $44,500; Margadine, McKittrick Dry Goods Company, $10,000; F. P. Kirkendall Shoe Company, $1,000.

"I assume," continued the court, "that all these concersn will be proceeded against for receiving these unlawful rebates, which can be done by indictment or information, as the last vestige of the plea of immunity for corporations has been wiped out by the decision of the supreme court of the United States of March 12, 1906, in the case of Hale vs. Hankle."

Washington, June 23.—On being asked concerning the action of Judge McPherson at Kansas City, the attorney general said:

"After giving this case careful consideration I concluded that the extent of the discriminations practiced showed that it was a case where the sentence of imprisonment was especially desirable, and I directed the district attorney to urge on the court, in case of conviction, the desirability of such a sentence.

"I regard the outcome of this case as of first importance. The sentence of imprisonment imposed for the first time on persons guilty of rebating will, in my judgment, have the most perfect effect in checking the widespread practice of unlawful discriminations."

DIRECT PRIMARY

Spokane Democrats Adopt Plan for Fall Conventions.

Spokane, June 25.—Direct primaries by a system of their own will be tried by the Democrats of this county for their convention which was called for July 28. The committee has decided that any Democrat who wishes a place on the ticket this fall can have his name voted for by the primaries of the party which are to be held in each precinct July 21. He must notify the chairman at least ten days prior and deposit $10 towards the expense of having tickets printed, etc.

The chairman will have ballots printed for each precinct with the name of all candidates for each office printed upon them and a blank space for an additional name for each office in case the voter should wish some one who has not had his name filed.

Caucuses will be held July 19 to nominate delegates to the convention.

Voters at the primaries will not only select nominees to go on the county ticket, but will choose delegates in the usual way to the county convention.

The convention will merely meet, ratify the nominations made at the primaries and adopt a platform.

Farm Assessments Reduced

Spokane, June 25.—Assessor Dayton H. Stewart has announced that he will reduce the assessment of first-class farm property 20 and 25 per cent from the figures made by his deputies in March. He says he instructed the men to assess at 60 per cent of the real value, and that the deputies in the country did this, but he now finds it was impossible to get a 60 per cent the farmer, he makes the reduction before putting the figures on the books.

Ringlings Secure Sells Show.

Chicago, June 25.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Rock Island says: "The completion of a deal was announced yesterday by which the heirs of the late James Bailey sell to Ringling Brothers the late Sells Brothers' show. This will probably end the circus war that has raged throughout the season.

FOR A LOCK CANAL

SENATE VOTES TO ENDORSE PRESIDENT'S VIEW.

Action Generally Regarded as Settling Type of Panama Canal, and Orders Will Now Be Given By President to Make the Dirt Fly.

Washington, June 23.—The senate has taken a position in accord with the president and the house of representatives by declaring for a lock canal across the isthmus of Panama. The result was reached after a day's discussion that was almost devoid of interesting incident. There was only one record vote and that was negative in character, coming on a motion to lay on the table the lock type substitute for the sea level bill. This motion was voted down 31 to 36.

The vote is generally accepted as settling the type of the great waterway and terminates what at one time threatened to become a sharp difference between the senate on one hand and the president and the house on the other. The engineers' report has figured prominently in the discussion and frequent attention has been called to the fact that while eight of the thirteen engineers reported favorably to the sea level canal, all of the five dissenters were American engineers, while of the other eight five were Europeans. Some senators avowed their preference for the all-American report.

CUT LOOSE NOW AND DIG THE BIG DITCH

Washington, June 23.—"Cut loose now and build the canal. The American people want results on the isthmus as soon as they can be obtained, and I want them. Dig, dig. Congress and the people are behind us in our efforts."

Within forthy-eight hours after the completion of the Panama canal legislation President Roosevelt will issue, in effect, the above order to Chairman Shonts and Chief Engineer Stevnes

The president expressed great gratification at the action of the senate in supporting his plan for a lock canal. He has been convinced for several days that the lock type would be adopted. A careful canvass of the senate had been made and he was assured that there would be a safe majority in favor of the lock type, which he had advocated since the report of the engineers' commission was received.

It was pointed out at the White House that practically the same senators who voted against the lock canal project also were opposed to the Panama treaty and so recorded their votes.

A Vote of Confidence

The president regards the vote of congress on the lock type of canal as a vote of confidence. Orders will be issued in a few days to push the work as rapidly as possible, and it is announced that before to push the work as rapidly as possible, the summer is far advanced as many men as can be profitably employed will be making the dirt fly.

Upon being advised of the result of the vote Chairman Shonts called on Secretary Taft and began to discuss plans for the prosecution of the work. It was decided that the whole commission should start for the isthmus at an early moment, and that Chief Engineer Stevens should accompany it. The steamer Panama will sail Thursday from New York, and on it the commission will embark.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT MEETS AT WALLA WALLA

Walla Walla, June 26.—Walla Walla is filled with veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic, its auxiliaries and visitors generally, who are attending the twenty-fourth annual encampment of the G. A. R. for the Department of Washington and Alaska. Delegates have been arriving on every train since Saturday , but the greatest rush began this morning.

The first gathering was held yesterday afternoon, when the Woman's Relief Corps presented the Walla Walla high school with a handsome silk flag. Miss Lulu Manley, of Port Townsend, delivered the presentation speech, and the response was made by James Macrae. Commodore Hunt, a high school student delivered a prize oration and was presented with a gold medal.

Upon the conclusion of this exercise the delegates went to the court house, where they were formally welcomed by Mayor Hunt. Thomas M. Fisher spoke on behalf of the local post, and Department Commander J. T. Goes, of Vancouver, responded on behalf of the visitors.

In the evening a campfire was held at the high school and a large crowd was in attendance. Gov. Mead gave the address.

First Station at Flattery

Washington, June 27.—The first wireless telegraph station to be built by the navy department on the Pacific coast under the $65,000 appropriation recently made will be at Cape Flattery, where wireless communication is badly needed. Possibly the next station established will be at the mouth of the Columbia river.

Maplelawn, Model Dairy Farm *of* W. H. Paulhamus

ARTICLE NO. 3.

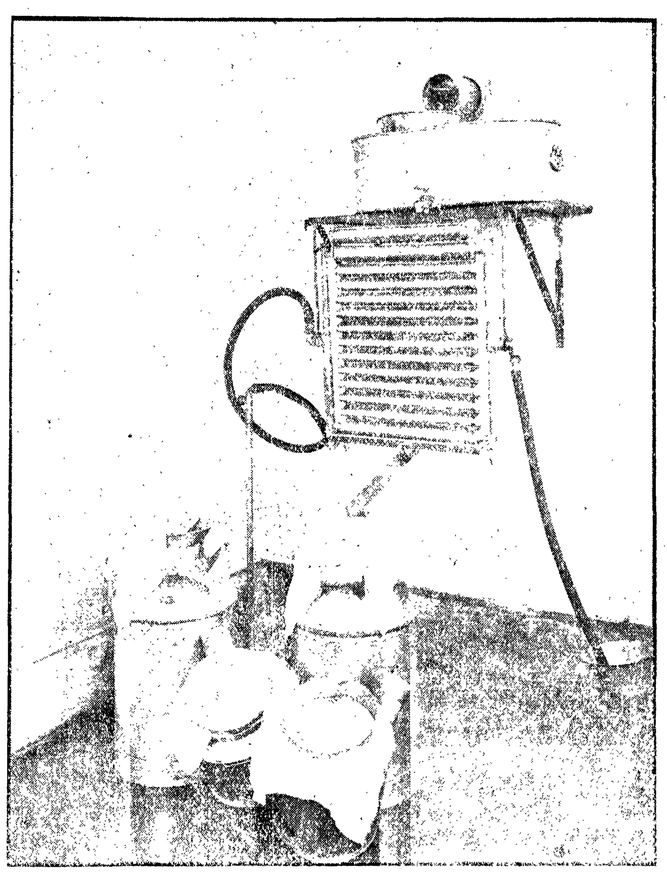
In the former two issues of this paper, were shown two photographs of the sanitary barn built by Mr. W. H. Paulhamus, of Sumner, Wash., giving the dimensions of the same and how his cows are handled. The photograph submitted herewith is taken of his milk room, which is 8x11 feet, in the northwest corner of the barn heretofore shown. The walls are of wood fiber which will not chip off, and will stand any kind of rough treatment. The pipe coming through the wall has a tin drum at the other end, open at the top, into which the milk is poured out of the spout of the buckets shown in this picture after each cow is milked. These milk buckets are covered by two thicknesses of ordinary cheesecloth, and between the layers is inserted a small sheet of sterilized cotton. If the milk could be drawn from a perfectly healthy cow through the sterilized tube into a sterilized bottle, without coming in contact whatever with the air, it could be kept sweet for a thousand years. This will explain that it is the conditions that the milk meets after it leaves the healthy cow's udder that designates its value for food. If the cow's udder is washed and dried, and the milker's hands and clothes perfectly clean, and a bucket of this kind used to milk into, which has been thoroughly sterilized, the bacteria in the milk is very limited, posisbly from nothing to 1,000 germs to the cubic centimeter. It is the multiplication of these germs that causes the milk to sour. The warmer the milk is, the faster the germs multiply. Samples of milk have been taken from the milk wagons in Tacoma and Seattle which have shown as hign as seven million germs to the cubic centimeter. (A cubic centimeter is 15 drops of milk).

After the milk is poured into the tin drum on the outside of the wall shown in this picture, it comes through the pipe shown and empties into the trap strainer, the top of which can be seen in the photograph. It is necessary for the milk to come up through two thicknessels of cloth. This is to catch any possible dirt that might get into the milk after it is poured out of the bucket through the tin drum. It then comes down the fawcet shown and runs over the outside of the corrugated cooler, inside of which is cold water, and the temperature of the milk can be reduced to within two degrees of the water. The colder the milk is, the slower is the bacteria growth, and if the temperature of the milk can be reduced below 40 degrees, the bacteria growth is practically retarded.

Sterilized and pasteurized milk means that it has been heated to 165 degrees and 212 degrees respectively to kill the bad germs in the milk, so that no difference how dirty the milk, it is claimed that the bad elements of the milk can be killed by this cooking process, but while this is true, scientists claim, and all leading doctors agree, that pasteurizing and sterilizing not only kills the bad elements of the miluk, but many of the good as well. It is just as easy to empty the contents of your buckets over the cooler shown herein as to empty it into a ten-gallon can, and one minute after the milk is drawn from the cow's udder it has been reduced to any temperature that the water will permit. If the water is at a temperature of 45 degrees, the milk will show 47.

Mr. Paulhamus is satisfied with his milk when below 50 degrees. During the hot summer time, he uses an ordinary barrel in which he has inserted 170 feet of pipe in coil form, around which cracked ice is packed. The water circulates through this coiled pipe before it enters the cooler, and by adidng a little salt, the temperature of the water can be made very cold. This is a simple method and inexpensive. After the milking is done, the product is taken to the bottling house and immediately transferred to quart bottles which are put in metal cases holding 12 bottles each, and cracked ice put around the necks, in which manner it is shipped to Seattle and Tacoma and sold for 10 cents per quart

Maplelawn Farm is now handling the milk from four other neighboring farms, each of which handles their milk in the same manner and under the supervision of Mr. Paulhamus. All of the cows supplying any part of this milk are examined by a competent veterinary for tuberculosis, and as often as any change is made in the milkers, and at stated periods, a competent physician makes a thorough examination of all of the milkers handling all of the herds for any contagious or skin disease.



Showing milk buckets and milk cooling room. All milk is drawn into buckets covered with cloth strainers, then poured into the tin drum which extends through the wall into the cow room. The milk is received by a trap strainer before reaching the cooler. The cooler is hollow, the cold water runs through the inside and the milk over the outside. The temperature of the water in winter is 46 degrees, and during the summer months a barrel containing 150 feet of coiled pipe packed with cracked ice is used to cool the water before it enters the cooler. With a barrel of this kind the temperature of the water can be reduced to 44 degrees. After all cows are milked, the cans of cold milk are taken to the bottling house which is 500 feet from the cow barn, where the milk is poured through the wall of the bottling room into a mixing tank and after thoroughly mixed, is put in quart bottles at once. The bottles are put in metalic cases holding 12 bottles each, and cracked ice put around the necks of the bottles.

P. & S. Gets Old Grade

Olympia, June 27.—The old Union Pacific grade through Thurston county has been deeded to the Portland & Seattle Railway Company by the Northwestern Improvement Company for $75,000. This latter company had tax title to the grade and also recently purchased the property at sheriff's sale under the old judgment against the Portland & Puget Sound Railroad Company.

Tulare Lake Is Spreading

Porterville, Cal., June 25.—Tulare lake has now reached the limits it occupied in 1881 and is within a mile of Corcoran. It is thought that Corcoran will be flooded by the waters of the lake and that the new town of Alpaugh may be destroyed. The lake is steadily rising and is spreading an average of a mile a day in a northeasterly direction towards its outlet in the San Joaquin river.

A LITTLE LESSON IN ADVERSITY.

The father of Bertel Thorwaldsen, the great Danish sculptor, was a poor wood carver, who deprived himself of the necessities of life in order to send his son to the Royal Academy of Fine Arts in Copenhagen when Bertel was 12 years old. It was the intention of the elder Thorwaldsen that his son should learn artistic principles, in order to fit himself for the wood-carving that he himself worked at; but Bertel projected himself beyond this limitation and branched into sculpture.

B. THORWALDSEN.

He was 16 years of age when he took a prize at the academy. Three years later, by dint of the hardest kind of work and the closest application, he took a scholarship of $120 a year for a period of three years to enable him to study art in Italy.

In Italy Thorwaldsen, friendless, copied diligently the work of the old masters, but tried in vain to sell his efforts. He sent some of his works back to Copenhagen, but could find no purchaser. So discouraged was he with his famous "Jason and the Golden Fleece" that he destroyed the model. He finally made another that would have suffered the same fate had not an Englishman seen it and commissioned the sculptor to execute it in marble for him.

Although this was the first real encouragement Thorwaldsen had ever received, it was long before he had enough material returns to take him out of his poverty. Praise there was in plenty, but sometimes there was no bread. But the tide turned at last for him, and he had the satisfaction of reaping some of the fruits of genius before his death.

TRADE OF SOUTH AMERICA.

Share of the United States Expected to Grow Rapidly

A glance at the general condition of trade with South America suggests some needs which we have that will be later discussed, says Cent Per Cent. Our trade with South America in 1870 was $21,000,000; in 1904 it had risen to $51,000,000. The trade, however, with the orient rose from $10,000,000 in 1870 to $60,000,000 in 1904. Trade with our North American neighbors in 1870 was $69,000,000; in 1904 it was $235,000,000. So our trade with South America a little more than doubled, while with Canada and Mexico it less than quadrupled.

Besides this general statement space permits only the briefest examination of the most important State—the Argentine republic. The total exports from Argentine in 1905 were $322,843,841, her total imports $205,154,420. The rate of increase is very rapid. Of her imports England has the larger share, $68,391,043. Germany and the United States compete for second place with $27,000,000 in round numbers. Of her exports England takes $44,000,000, Germany and France each take $37,000,000, while the United States takes $15,000,000, being the only country of importance with a favorable balance, reaching in 1905 about $14,000,000. Of the $17,000,000 increase in her imports it is of importance to note that over $10,000,000 were for goods in connection with means of transportation supplies for railroads, tramways, street cars and automobiles—a field into which the United States should push still farther. As it is the trade of this country has constantly increased.

As has been shown the trade in South America has not been what it should be, not what it undoubtedly will be in the near future. It is certain that as these territories are longer under our control, order and security will have their natural results in improved industrial conditions and enlarged trade. To those who have any faith at all in the inspiration and uplift of our culture, this must appear as an inevitable result. It seems equally as certain that more amicable relations are soon to develop between the United States and her sister republics in the south. Much is to be hoped from the coming conference in July at Rio Janeiro.

The Monroe doctrine had a political intent, but there is a more important type of union into which the sister republics of the new world should come—a commercial union. Of the ultimate formation of such a union there is not the slightest doubt. Our industrial domination of Latin America is equally as certain. Mexico is being gradually but persistently invaded by American capital and a recent careful critic has estimated that in twenty-five years we will control Mexico. The reach of our influence into South America is constantly widening. That the whole of these lands will be ere long in one tariff zone seems highly probable. Toward such a condition the growing spirit of reciprocity of the past decades has tended; its attainment will be one of the triumphs of diplomacy that will crown the coming years.

A Circus.

Visitor—What a well-behaved little boy.

Mother—Yes; I told him if he was good he could watch his father take up the carpet.—New York Sun.

No. ....

Notice and Summons by Publication.

In the Superior court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Co., plaintiff

vs.

W. E. Reynolds,

and all persons unknown, if any having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to W. E. Reynolds who is the owner or reputed owner, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff, Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 1718, issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to wit:

The south half of the southe-west quarter of section 35, township 31, range No. 9, west W. M.

That said certificate was issued on the twenty-eighth day of June, 1906, for the sum of $101.71 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903 and 1904 and that the taxes for the following year has been paid, 1905 the sum of $10.40 whichseveral sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty daysafter the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the first day of said publication, to-wit, within sixty days after the 29th day of June 1906, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalty and interest, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Co., plaintiff.

Trumbull & Trumbull, att'ys for plaintiff

Post office address, Port Angeles, Wash.

Date of first publication, June 29, 1906.

SAVE MONEY

and get a better quality of Tea and Coffee by buying at the JAPANESE STORE

China Tea
Japan Green Tea
English Breakfast Tea
.. and ..
Mocha and Java Coffee

We also have extra fine Teas of the best flavors — qualities not to be had elsewhere.

Hong Yuong & Co.

Ling Toy, Manager.

Phone 25.

P. J. WILLIAMS

The Old Reliable

JEWELER

WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

The People's Market

A. Ahlvers

PROPRIETOR

The Best Market

where fresh and salt meats, the finest to be obtained, are sold at the lowest prices.

Everything Clean and Fresh

Next to Postoffice

McIvor & Swanson

BLACKSMITHS

Horseshoeing, Wagons and Farm Implements Repaired.

SHOP ON LAUREL STREET

Port Angeles

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE

BY THE TREASURER OF CLALLAM COUNTY

State of Washington, } s. s.
County of Clallam, }

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of an order of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam County, State of Washington, made pursuant to the Laws of the State and dated the 7th day of June, 1906, I shall on Tuesday the 17th day of July, 1906, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., at the door of the County Court House, situated in the City of Port Angeles, said County and State, sell the hereinafter described Lands and Lots acquired by said County at tax sale for delinquent taxes, to the highest bidder for cash, Gold Coin of the United States of America, to-wit:

DESCRIPTION.

Township 30 North, Range 4 West W.M.
Sw qr sw qr, sec 26

Township 30 North, Range 5 West W.M.
East one-half sw qr se qr, sec. 9
Nw qr sw qr se qr, sec. 9
West one-half sw qr nw qr, sec. 15
East one-half ne qr se qr nw qr, sec. 18
West one-half se qr sw qr, sec. 18
Undivided qr of the east one-half se qr sw qr, sec. 18
South one-half se qr nw qr, sec. 21
South one-half sw qr nw qr nw qr, sec 21
Nw qr sw qr, sec. 21
E one-half nw qr nw qr, sec, 22
E one-half w one-half nw qr nw qr, sec. 22
E one-half sw qr, sec. 25
Ne qr sw qr, sec. 27
E one-half nw qr ne qr ne qr, sec. 28
E one-half se qr ne qr, sec. 28
W one-half se qr, sec. 28
E one-half sw qr, sec. 28.

Township 30 North, Range 6 West W.M.
W one-half nw qr sw qr se qr, sec. 8
South one-half East one-half nw qr sw qr se qr, sec 8
Se qr ne qr nw qr, sec. 13
W 3 acres (Except nw 1 acre) of the south one-half se qr se qr, sec. 13
South one-half south one-half nw qr sw q, sec. 13
Sw qr sw qr, sec. 13
Sw qr se qr, sec. 13
Se qr, se qr se qr, sec. 14
West one-half ne qr, sec. 19
Lot 2. sec. 19
West one-half se qr, sec. 19
Sw qr se qr ne qr, sec. 21
Sw qr se qr, sec. 26
Se qr sw qr, sec. 26
East one-half ne qr se qr se qr, sec. 27
Ne qr sw qr, sec. 27
1 acre in sw cor. se qr ne qr, sec. 28
North one-half nw qr se qr ne qr, sec. 28
West one-half se qr sw qr ne qr, sec, 28
North one-half nw qr se qr nw qr, sec. 28
Undivided one-half east one-half se qr nw qr, sec. 28
Undivided one-half sw qr se qr nw qr, sec. 28
Undivided south one-half nw qr se qr nw qr, sec. 28
West one-half east one-half east one-half ne qr se qr, sec. 28
Sw qr ne qr, sec. 29
Ne qr sw qr se qr, sec. 29
Undivided one-half west one-half sw qr se qr, sec 29

Township 30 North, Range 7 West W.M.
West one-half ne qr ne qr se qr, sec. 2
Ne qr nw qr se qr, sec. 2
Nw qr ne qr se qr, sec. 2
West one-half nw qr nw qr se qr, sec. 2
East one-half sw qr sw qr, sec. 2
West one-half ne qr se qr, sec. 3
Nw qr se qr, sec. 7
South one-half ne qr ne qr, sec. 9
South one-half south one-half se qr se qr, sec. 13
25 acres in the east one-half se qr, sec. 13
South one-half sw qr, sec. 13
Sw qr nw qr, sec. 14
South one-half se qr, sec. 14
Sw qr sw qr sw qr, sec. 14
East one-half sw qr se qr ne qr, sec. 15
Se qr se qr ne qr, sec. 15
North one-half se qr ne qr, sec. 15
Ne qr, sec. 17
Se qr, sec. 17
East one-half ne qr ne qr, sec. 18
East one-half nw qr ne qr ne qr, sec. 18
Sw qr ne qr ne qr, sec. 18

Township 20 North, Range 8 West W.M.
North one-half sw qr se qr, sec. 5
South one-half sw qr, sec. 5
Ne qr, sec. 7
West one-half nw qr, sec. 8
North one-half sw qr ne qr, sec. 20
Se qr sw qr ne qr, sec. 20
Sw qr sw qr ne qr, sec. 20
North one-half ne qr, sec. 20

Township 31 North, Range 8 West W.M.
Undivided ⅔ of lots 1 and 2, sec. 23
South one-half sw qr ne qr, sec. 26
Undivided ⅔ nw qr se qr and east one-half sw qr, sec. 26
Unplatted part sw qr ne qr; north one-half nw qr and nw qr se qr (21.21 acres) sec. 28
Unplatted part nw qr (8.47 a.) sec. 29
Unplatted part north one-half ne qr and lot 2 (12.77 a.) sec. 30

Township 31 North, Range 9 West W.M.
Lot 9, sec. 19
Lot 1 (except w. 7 acres), sec. 24
East one-half ne qr se qr ne qr, sec. 25
North one-half se qr, sec. 28
Lots 8-11-24-25, sec. 30

Township 31 North, Range 10 West W.M,
Lots 1 and 2, sec. 18
Lots 6 10 and west one-half se qr, sec. 25

E. Crow Baker's Addition to Port Angeles
Lots 20 to 23 inc. block I
Lots 16 to 21 and 27 to 30 inc., block J
Lots 4 to 8 inc. 12 and 13 and 22 to 30 inc., block K
Lots 1 to 20 inc., block L
Lots 1 to 12 and 16 to 30 inc., block M
Lots 1 to 8, 10 to 15, 19 to 21 inc., block N
Lots 1 to 15 and 20 to 30 inc., block O
Lots 1 to 30 inc. (all) block P

Bay View Addition to Port Crescent.
All of blocks A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I and J, (10 lots each.)

Burtchess Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1 to 6 inc., and 10, 11 and 12, bl'k 3
Lots 1,2,3 and 10, block 4
Lots 3,5,8 and 9, block 5
Lots 1 to 10 inc., block 7
Lots 4 to 9 inc., block 8
Lots 1 to 11 inc., block 9
Lots 9 to 12 inc., block 10
Lots 11 and 12, block 11
Lots 1 to 8 inc., block 12
Lots 2 to 6 inc., block 13
Lots 1,3,4,5 and 9 to 12 inc., block 14
Lots 1 to 6 inc., block 15
Lots 3 and 7 to 10 inc., block 20
Lots 1 to 4 inc., block 21
Lots 1 to 6 inc., and 9 to 12 inc., block 22
Lots 3 to 8 inc., block 23
Lots 1 to 6 inc., block 24
Lots 2 to 9 inc., block 26
Lots 1 to 6 inc., block 28
Lots 7 to 10 inc., block 29
Lots 1 to 4 inc., and 8 and 9, block 30
Lots 1 to 6 inc., block 31
Lots 1, 2, 3 and 7 to 12 inc., block 32
Lots 1 to 4 inc., block 33
Lots 5 and 6 and 8 to 12 inc., block 34
Lots 1 to 6 inc. and 10 and 11, block 35
Lots 1 to 6 inc., block 36
Lots 1 to 6 inc., block 37
Lots 1 to 12 inc. (all) block 39
Lots 7 to 10 inc., block 40

Brandes' Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1 to 12 inc. (all) block 1
Lots 1 to 12 inc., (all) block 2
Lots 1 to 6 inc., block 3
Lots 1 to 6 inc., block 4
Lots 1,2 and 7 to 12 inc., block 5
Lots 1 to 12 inc. (all) block 6
Lots 1 to 12 inc. (all) block 7
Lots 1 to 12 inc. (all) block 8
Lots 1 to 4 inc., block 9
Lots 3 to 12 inc., block 10
Lots 1 to 12 inc. (all) block 11
Lots 1 to 8 inc., block 12
Lots 1 to 6 inc. and 9 to 12 inc., block 15
Lots 1 to 12 inc. (all) block 16
Lots 1 to 8 inc., block 17
Lots 7 to 12 inc., block 18
Lots 1 to 4 inc., block 19

Carusi's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 5 and 6, block 1
Lot 8 in block 2

Chamber's (Ben) Addition to Port Angeles.
Lot 15, block 2
Lots 7 to 15 and 18 to 28 inc., block 3
Lots 3 to 30 inc, block 6
Lots 8 to 30 inc., block 11
Lots 1 to 12 and 23 to 30 inc., block 12
Lots 1 to 30 inc. (all) block 13
Lots 1 to 30 inc. (all) block 14

Carlton's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1 to 8 inc., all, block 1
Lots 1 to 24 inc., all, block 2
Lots 5 to 24 inc., block 3
Lots 1 to 8 inc., all, block 4
Lots 1 to 4 and 13 to 16 inc., block 5
Lots 1 to 12 and 17 to 24 inc., block 6

Campbell's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lot 11, block 13

Cook's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 4,5,6 and 19 to 24 inc., block 1
Lots 5 to 24 inc., block 2
Lots 1 to 24 inc., all, block 3
Lots 1 to 24 inc, all, block 4
Lots 1 to 12 inc., all, block 5
Lots 1 to 12 inc. all, block 6

Columbia Addition to Port Angeles.
All of Blocks A,B,C, and D, 22 lots each.
Lots 5 to 22 inc., block E
All of blocks F,G,H,I, and J, 22 lots each

Townsite of Clallam.
Lot 10, block 4
Lots 11 to 24 inc., block 12
Lots 1 to 24 inc., all, block 13
Lots 1 to 4 and lots 7,8 and 10 to 14 inc., block 14
Lots 16,17,18,20,21,22, block 14
Lots 1,2, 7 to 12, inc., and 15, 16, 19, 20 and 21, block 15
Lots 1 to 6 and 9 to 24 inc., block 16
Lots 1 to 6 and 8, 9, 10 and 13 to 21 inc. block 17
Lots 1 to 21, all, block 18
Lots 1 to 12 and 18 to 21, inc., block 19
Lots 1 to 21, all, block 20
Lots 1 to 21 inc., all, block 21
Lots 1 to 21 inc., all, block 22
Lots 1 to 21 inc., all, block 23
Lots 1 to 21 inc., all, block 24
Lots 1 to 18 inc., all, block 25
Lots 1 to 18 inc., all, block 26
Lots 1 to 18 inc., all, block 27
Lots 6 and 7, and 10 to 18 inc., block 28
Lots 1 to 18 inc., all, block 29
Lots 1 to 18 inc., all, block 30
Lots 1 to 9 and 11 to 18 inc., block 31
Lots 1 to 18 inc., all, block 32
Lots 10 to 18 inc., block 33
Lots 1 to 18 inc., all, block 34
Lots 1 to 18 inc., all, block 35
Lots 7 to 18 inc., block 36
Lots 3,4, and 5, block 37

Crescent Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1 to 12 inc., all, block 1
Lots 1 to 9 inc., and 11 and 12, block 2
Lots 1 to 10 inc., and 13, 14 and 20 to 24 inc., block 3
Lots 1, 2 and 6 to 20 inc., and 23 and 24 block 4
Lots 6 to 24 inc., block 5
Lots 1 to 4 and 14 to 17 and 20 to 24 inc., block 6

Chicago Park Addition.
Lots 1 to 15 inc., and 26 to 37 inc.

Chandler's Suburban Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 11, 12 and 16 to 22 and 30 to 32 inc., block 1
Lots 1 to 8 and 10, and 19 to 22 and 28 to 32 inc., and 35 and 36, block 2
Lots 1,2,3,11,12 and 18 to 22 inc., and 27, 28,29,32. and 33, block 3
Lots 1 to 9 and 11 to 18 and 28 to 34 and 37, 38 and 41 to 44 inc., block 4
Lots 1, 2, and 5 to 8 inc., and 15, 27 and 31 to 44 inc., block 5
Lots 5 to 8 inc., 11 to 14 inc., and 19, 20 and 30 to 34 inc., and 36 to 44 inc., block 6
Lots 7 to 16 and 29 to 44 inc., block 7
Lots 1 to 16 inc., and 19 to 44 inc., bl'k 8
Lots 1 to 6,11,12, and 15 to 18 inc., and 23 to 28 inc., and 31 to 44 inc., block 9
Lots 6,7 and 12 to 20 inc., and 28 to 29, 32, 33 and 36 to 39 inc., block 10
Lots 1 to 4 and 12 to 17 and 20 to 44 inc., block 11
Lots 1 to 26 and 30 to 44 inc., block 12
Lots 1 to 18 and 23 to 44 inc., block 13
Lots 1 to 29 and 32 to 37 inc., and 39,41, 42,43 and 44, block 14
Lots 1 to 44, all, block 15
Lots 1 to 44, all, block 16
Lots 1 to 44, all, block 17
Lots 1 to 44, all, block 18
Lots 1 to 44, all, block 19
Lots 1 to 44, all, block 20

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1906.

W. E. BURNSIDE,
Treasurer, of Clallam County, Wash.

No. 362

IN PROBATE

Order directing Notice of Application to sell real estate.

In the Superior court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

In the matter of the guardianship of George F. Melville and Wm. M. Melville, minors.

The above entitled matter came on regularly for hearing on this day upon the petition of the guardian of said minors for an order directing the sale of the real estate belonging to said estate, situated in Clallam county, Washington, described as follows, to-wit:

An undivided half interest in and to the north half of the south-east quarter of the south-east quarter; the south-west quarter of the south-east quarter of the south-east quarter and the south-west quarter of the south-east quarter, of section seven (7); also the west half of the north-east quarter of section eighteen (18), all in township thirty (30) north of range three (3) west of Willamette Meridian, containing in all 150 acres more or less.

And it further appearing to the court that said petition sets forth and contains all the requirements of the law relative thereto; that there is no personal property whatever either at present or in prospect belonging to said minors; that there is no income from the property of said wards, and that the guardian has not received any money or assets whatever belonging to them or either of them; that said minors are of the ages of 19 and 17½ years respectively, and reside with their mother, the guardian herein, at Riverton, Washington; that there is no indebtedness existing against said wards or either of them, except the costs of the said guardianship; that it is necessary to sell said real estate for the purpose of supporting and educating the said minors, and that said minors have each and both given their written consent to the sale of said real estate, and in all things being fully informed;

Now therefore, it is hereby ordered, that Saturday, the 30th day of June, 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the court room of the court house of said Clallam county, Washington, in the city of Port Angeles, be and the same are hereby appointed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, and that any and all persons then and there appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted and the said real estate sold in the manner provided by law, and that the clerk of said court give due notice of said hearing four weeks prior to said sale, by publishing a copy of this order as provided by law.

Done in open court this 24th day of May, 1906.

GEO. C. HATCH,
Judge of said court.

[Certificrte of true copy.]

State of Washington,
County of Clallam, ss.;

I, E. A. FitzHenry, county clerk and clerk of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, said county, do hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original order directing notice of application to sell real estate, as the same appears of record in my office.

Witness, my hand and the seal of said Superior Court, affixed (Seal) this 24th day of May A. A. 1906.

E. A. FitzHenry, County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.

T. J. APPLETON, M. D.

Oculist and General Practitioner

X-Ray

JAMES STEWART

Attorney at Law

Office on Front Street.

Port Angeles, Wash.

GEORGE VENABLE SMITH

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Laurel St. Port Angeles, Wash.

Bank of Clallam County

Established April, 1895

Transacts a General Banking Business

H. E. Lutz, President.
S. J. Lutz, Cashier.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Haning Hall on Front st., bet. Laurel and Lincoln sts. Visitors cordially invited. RAY MCLAUGHLIN, Ex. Ruler. E. D. ELIOTT, Secretary.

Angeles Monument Works

Estimates given on all kinds of Monumental and General Building Work

WM. BARNETT

PROPRIETOR

The CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK

NO. 6074

OF PORT ANGELES, WASH.

C. J. FARMER, PRESIDENT W. F. DELABARRE, VICE-PRESIDENT
J. P CHRISTENSEN, CASHIER

Domestic and Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

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PHONES
LAFLOWER 108
McKEE 105
CITY OFFICE 7

LADY ATTENDANTS

C. F. MERRITT,
Manager City Office

The Lewis Supply Company

Dealers in All Kinds of

Electrical Goods

CONTRACTS TAKEN

Store on First St., Bet. Laurel and Oak - Port Angeles

CALL FOR BIDS

Notice is hereby given, that sealed bids to construct the First Division of the Cut-off Road (Road No. 50) at East Clallam, Washington, according to the plans and specifications on file in the Auditor's office, will be received by me at said office in the City of Port Angeles, up to the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., Monday, the 2nd day of July, 1906.

A certified check or cash deposit of 5 per cent of the amount bid, must accompany each bid.

The County Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners, dated June 7th, 1906.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 13th day of June, 1906.

[SEAL.] W. B. SMITH,
Auditor of Clallam County, Wash.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall E. RAMSEY, N. G.

C. A. BORK, Secretary

FOR SALE

Business Lot

50 x 140 feet

Corner First and Laurel Streets

Containing

House of 8 Rooms
Hot and Cold Water throughout & Bath

Very convenient and sightly.

C. E. CUSHING

Probate No. 336.

Probate Notice

In the Superior Court of Clallam county, State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of William A. Nichols, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of William A. Nichols, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 28th day of May, 1906, by the Superior Court of Clallam county.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance at the law office of James G. McClinton at Port Angeles, Washington, within twelve months after the date of this notice or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this the first day of June, 1906.

JOSEPH KRAJEWSKI,
Administrator.

We will keep open every evening in future 'till 8 o'clock. For the accomodation of our patrons we will be open for business.

Times Clo. Mart.

FIREWORKS

AS USUAL WE HAVE
A COMPLETE LINE OF

Fire Crackers, Rockets, Roman Candles, Torpedoes, Spin Wheels,

Cap Pistols, Etc.

See our complete line of **FLAGS** All Sizes at Low Prices.

MAIL ORDERS **C. E. NAILOR & CO.** ARE SOLICITED
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS
Phone 41

New iron beds and matresses at Bakers'.

"Olympic" Flour $1.25 the sack. Seevers' Cash Store.

Rev. Geo. Graham and Dr. J.M. Rush were Dungeness visitors this week.

T. S. Gorman returned Tuesday from a visit to Anacortes in the launch.

The W. R. C. have decided not to serve dinner on the Fourth as previously announced.

J. E. Ellis, F. B. Carlyle, S. M. Crooks, and Al Bender were returning passengers Monday.

Our 25c Coffee is always the same, and always good. Seevers' Cash Store.

Mrs. W. B. Webster went to Seattle this morning for a short visit. Mrs. E. B. Webster will accompany her home.

A good pair of Viscol Tan Walking Shoes will cost you $2.50 at Times Clo. Mart. No better shoe made.

Mrs. R. D. Willson went to Seattle to inspect that little grand-son, born to Roy McClinton and wife Sunday June 24th.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. FitzHenry are off on a visit to the Dorseys at Waterville; Mr. Babcock is looking after affairs at the county clerk's office meanwhile.

Are the children hard on stockings? Iron Clad Hose for boys and girls save half the mending and cost only 25c the pair. Sold only by S. J. Lutz & Co.

Buy "Heinz's" Pure Malt Vinegar 25c the quart bottle.
Seevers' Cash Store.

New glass tumblers 50c a doz. at Bakers.'

Cook stoves wanted at Bakers'.

Galts' "Blue Ribbon" Tea 50c the pound. Seevers' Cash Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray McLaughlin returned to Angeles Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Hoffman, of Valley street, returned from Seattle Monday.

Steel shod shoes outwear two of the ordinary kind and cost no more. Only the best goods for boys at the Big Brick Store.

Amateur photographers find the kind of photo goods that professional photographers use at Fulmer's Studio and one who understands using them will give instructions.

From what we hear there is to be an exodus os Angeles people for Victoria on the Glorious Fourth. Our people will exchange places with their English cousins across the Straits for the day.

Miss Helen Trumbull left this morning for Port Townsend where she takes the Umatilla for Frisco, on a visit to her uncle, Wallace Trumbull. Her father accompanied her as far as Townsend.

A London dispatch says Ray Rockman, the American actress, was married there to Frank Braham on June 21st. The wedding reception was attended by a host of persons prominent in the literary world. Miss Rockman is an Angeles girl; her mother still living here.

Our summer clothing has a style and fit and bears the trade marks of the leading American factories; no sweat shop, shoddy or mercerized cotton stuff is handled by Clallam county's only exclusive clothing and shoe store —S. J. Lutz & Co.

..The..

Champion & Deering Mowers

The two best machines on the market and sold at a very reasonable price. We can save you money on these; get our prices before buying.

Champion Horse Dump and Hand Dump Hay Rakes

Scythes and Snaths, Forks and Rakes a complete line of the best made.

R. D. Willson Hardware Co.

QUIET FAMILY WEDDING

Miss Montez Appleton Weds Fred Burton Carlisle.

A quiet family wedding, in all the arrangements for which simplicity was the key-note, was celebrated at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Appleton this morning, when their daughter, Miss Montez, was given into the care of Mr. Fred. Burton Carlisle.

Rev. Geo. F. Graham tied the nuptial knot, in the presence of the immediate relatives of the bride and of those of Mr. Carlisle living here, only one or two personal friends having been invited. Not wishing to change the date arranged, and desiring to take the Rosalie this morning, the ceremony was held a half hour after midnight; after the wedding supper the newly married couple were escorted to the steamer for the commencement of their trip to Boston, where they will visit with Mr. Carlisle's relatives a few weeks.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Bert Sliter and Mrs. F. R. Graf, of Seattle, relatives of Mayor and Mrs. Appleton; Miss Rose Appleton, Dr. Jay Appleton, Miss Clio Appleton, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Craig, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hamblin, Samuel Cook, J. Lloyd Aldwell and Capt. Milligan.

Mr. Carlisle, the groom, has been a resident of Angeles for two years and by his genial manner and good-fellowship has won the esteem of all he has met. He is a stockholder in the Craig Fish Product Co., of this city, also holding the position of secretary of the institution.

Miss Montez, eldest daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Appleton, is well known to the people of Angeles and of her superior qualities too much could not easily be said—vivacious and charming in her manner, and possessed of the essential attributes of a true helpmeet. She is a graduate of Whitworth College of Tacoma, and her accomplishments fit her for any social or home circle.

The many friends of these young people wish and anticipate for them a bright and happy future.

Tents, all sizes, at Bakers'.

Ed Gierin was in town yesterday.

Allan Trumbull spent Sunday in Angeles.

A. Mawhirter represented East Clallam in Angeles Saturday.

Ranges! Ranges! A fine new line at Baker's at lowest prices.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Seevers returned today from a vist to Lake Chelan, east of the mountains.

T. F. Trumbull went to Lake Crescent Wednesday after his family, who were camping there. Mrs. Trumbull fell from a hammock, injuring her back.

Misses Lillian Anderson and Emma Siegel of St. Paul arrived Tuesday for a three week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. Alf. A. Davis; Miss Anderson is Mr. Davis' niece. The ladies are in love with our cool climate, delicious strawberries, beautiful roses and fragrant carnations, which are just now in their prime.

Special Notice

We have received a few pairs of Ladies' Long Kid Gloves, Black and White. Sizes 6¼, 6½, 6¾, and 7. Price $3.50 a pair.
Pacific Store Co.

MASON JARS
CAPS
RUBBERS
Jelly Glasses in different sizes and shapes.
E. W. MERRILL & CO.

To Our Patrons

Do you need Sugar during the next thirty days? Fruit season is nearly here, so you must use more or less. We have a plan to help you. Send us your order on or before two o'clock **Tuesday, July 3rd,** for a sack of sugar; we will deliver the sugar any time during the month of July to you at the price of sugar when your order is received. State when you want your sugar, anytime on or before June 31, 1906.

This offer is for our customers only. All orders C. O. D.

Present price of Sugar is $5.80 per sack of 100 lbs.

E. W. MERRILL & CO.
Phone 5

C. E. Fulmer keeps cameras and all kinds of amateur photo supplies at his studio. Call and see them.

The traveling man who said, "Port Angeles has as fine a line of business houses and carries as high grade stocks as any other place of its size in the oountry," was in town this week. It seems that a "traveling man" will occasionally blunder onto the truth, even though he may at the same time be trying to "make himself solid" with a certain class of business men.

A trim ankle is shown to its greatest perfection, and a plump one is made neat by the Western Lady shoes, which have a style that is the envy of all competitors. Sold only by S. J. Lutz & Co. at the standard price of $3.

Geo. W. O'Brien of the Clallam Bay Record was in Angeles Tuesday.

Graduated With Honors

Mr. Homer E. Dyke, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Dyke, Sr., of this city, arrived home from Buffalo, N. Y.. Tuesday last, for a short visit, being his first trip to Angeles for about five years. Mr. Dyke has been attending the University of Buffalo, one of the largest medical colleges in the U. S., there being on an average over 600 students, and from which institution he has graduated with the highest honors, being the youngest graduate the college has ever had, in fact the faculty had to pass special rules to meet his case, owing to his age, and now he has "sheepskins" for several different degrees, as well as a state license for pharmacist, good anywhere, and especially in the State of New York, which shows an immense amount of hard work and study. He will remain here, if possible, until his brother, Capt. John Dyke, first officer of the s. s. Lyra, of the Boston S. S. Co., arrives home from the Orient, which will be in about one month. Owing to close application to study, Mr. Dyke needs a rest if a complete breakdown is to be averted; being not yet 21 years of age, he has crowded the different courses of the college, and successfully passed examinations, into the space of three years, which ordinarily takes five years or over. He will have a position as an assistant instructor in the college next winter, for which he is eminently qualified, and will take back with him the best wishes of a number of staunch friends in Angele, who are gratified at his success.

First Serious Accident

The first serious accident to occur at the Port Angeles quarries happened Tuesday morning. While Mr. Casper Weber, sawyer at the quarries was climbing a ladder with one hand filled with tools with the intention of tightening a loose pulley, he fell from the top of the ladder, a distance of twelve feet, falling on the solid concrete foundation of the gang saws. His right thigh was put out of joint and what may yet be a very serious fracture of the bones of the thigh sustained. The injured man was brought to the city on the locomotive and carried to his home on Georgiana street. He was taken to the hospital Wednesday morning where he is now resting easily. No blame whatever attaches to the company or the plant, it being one of those regretable but inevitable slips that occur from time to time.

Amateur photographers get the very best results when they get their developing and finishing done at Fulmer's Studio, where there is no guess or machine work—just a good supply of "know how."

The boys should have a new new suit for the Fourth. S. J. Lutz & Co. sell the best for the money—the Banner Brand.

Try a pair of the Juliet Shoes with cork sole and rubber heel. $1.75 a pair. Will give you more comfort than any other shoe made. Times Clo. Mart.

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE INSURANCE
Northwestern Mutual Fire Assn.
Economy and Safety

WATER, WATER, WATER SYSTEMS
Comfort and Health

R. C. BUTTON

MFRS. AGENT

Hydraulic Rams, Phillips Rams, Niagara Rams, Columbia Rams, Rider-Erickson Hot Air Pumps, for Public, Domestic and Irrigation Purposes.

Manufacturer of **Button's Cedar Baths,** the most comfortable bath made.

Office and residence Lincoln Heights
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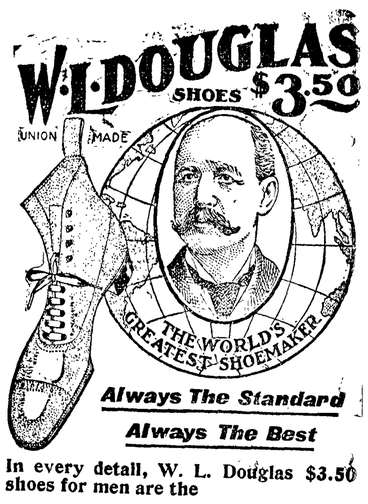
Port Angeles, Washington



Always The Standard
Always The Best

In every detail, W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for men are the

Best in the World

They are the recognized standard of shoe value the world over. They are

Best in Style
Best in Fit
Best in Workmanship
Best in Wearing Quality

That is why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have

The Largest Sales in the World

of any men's $3.50 shoe, requiring

The largest factory in the world

under one roof making men's fine shoes to supply the universal demand for Douglas shoes.

Every genuine Douglas shoe has stamped on the bottom the name of W. L. Douglas and the price. Look for it before buying.

SOLD BY

Alf. A. Davis

FITZGERALD'S MARKET

Port Angeles' Leading Meat Shop

Clean, fresh and wholesome. Choice stock of fresh and salt meat. All vegetables in season.

Children coming to market will be accorded the same fair treatment as their elders.

Three doors west of Bank of Clallam County.

JAMES FITZGERALD
PROPRIETOR.

No.

NOTICE AND SUMMONS
BY PUBLICATION

In the Superior court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

Susan M. Morse, plaintiff vs. C, M. Hansen and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to C. M. Hansen who are the owners, or reputed owners of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff, Susan M. Moore, is the holder of delinquent tax certificate No. 991 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lot ten (10) block two hundred and two (202) of the townsite of Port Angeles.

That said certificate was issued on the 7th day of July 1904 for the sum of $3.45 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1902 and 1903; that the taxes for the following years have been paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1904 the sum of $1.36, the year 1905 the sum of $1.39 which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 8th day of June 1906, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due together with the costs, penalties and interest, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalty, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Susan M. Morse, plaintiff.
W. Bramfield, Attorney for plaintiff.
Post office address Port Angeles, Washington.
Date of first publication June 8, 1906.

H. C. MILLER

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Lists Any Property for Sale or Rent.

PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles. - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

The British battleship Agenemone, 16,500 tons, has been successfully launched at Glasgow.

It is proposed to try the experiment of equipping trains with telephones, so that the conductor and engineer may communicate in this manner while trains are running.

The senate has adopted the conference report on the military academy appropriation bill. The senate provision increasing the limit of cost for the completion of the improvements at West Point to the extent of $1,700,000 was adopted.

The immigration into Cuba during 1905 was 54,219 persons, according to consular reports. Of these 47,901 came from Spain and only 1,861 from North America, which does not indicate a very rapid Americanization of the island.

The postoffice department has awarded a contract to the Pacific Coast Steamship Company to carry mails between Seaattle and Nome during the present season of navigation, aproximately nine round trips, at four cents a pound.

Cornell won the V'arsity regatta of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association at Poughkeepsie, over the four-mile course on the Hudson The largest class in the history of the department was graduated from the Harvard law school last week, 186 men receiving degrees.

Herbert H. D. Pierce, of Massachusetts, has been nominated by the president as minister to Norway.

The kaiser has appointed his brother of Prince Henry of Prussia, commander in chief of the German navy.

Gen. Richard McAlpine, of New York, has been elected president of the National League of Republican clubs.

Hudiksvall, Sweden, has been destroyed by fire. Fifteen hundred familaes were rendered homeless. The loss is estimated at $2,000,000.

The Vermont Republican state convention nominated Fletcher D. Proctor, son of United States Senator Proctor, for governor by acclamation.

The Ohio miners have settled their differences with the operators and have resumed work. This includes the return of union men to the mines in Eastern Ohio.

According to a bulletin issued by the United States geological survey, the production of Portland cement in 1905 amounted to 35,246,812 barrels, valued at $33,245,867, which represents a gain of 8,740,931 barrels in quantity and $9,890,745 in value over 1904.

LUMBER AMENDMENT AGAIN IN RATE BILL

Washington, June 26.—Somewhat to the surprise of many members of the senate and to the gratiefiation of Senator Piles, the conference report on the railway rate bill, restored the Piles amendment excepting lumber from the provision that interstate carriers must not engage in the production of commodities which they transport. The matter led to a sharp debate in the senate and is one of the factors leading to the recommitment of the bill to the conferees.

Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, made the broad statement that it is a well known fact that the trunk lines in the Northwest own from 17,000,000 to 22,000,000 acres of timber land in that part of the country. The big roads, he declared, would drive the independent producers out of the lumber business.

Senator Piles challenged Mr. Heyburn to cite an instance of a trunk railway line engaged in the production of lumber. Mr. Heyburn replied that he "could provide the senator with plenty of data on that point," but he failed to do so during the colloquy.

STATE BANKERS WANT AUSTRALIAN TITLE LAW

Tacoma, June 25.—At the closing session of the annual convention of the Washington Bankers' Association adopted a resolution petitioning the legislature to pass a law favoring the Australian system for the registration of land titles. The effect of this law is to give the land owner a certificate showiang that he is the owner of the land in fee simple. The owner is enabled to use this certificate as collateral at the banks. The Austrailan system, as explained by bankers present, does away with cumbersome abstracts of title, saves legal fees for the examination of mortgages and abstracts, and does away with the embarrassing machinery now used in real estate aransfers. If the law is passed as asked tnt, it will be one of the most importfor changes in years.

WASHINGTON NEWS

Lafayette Rogers, pioneer of the Puyallup valley, is dead.

The eleventh annual convention of the Puget Sound conference of the Epworth League was held at Tacoma Tuesday, Wendesday and Thursday.

One of the spans of the Howard street bridge over the Spokane river at Spokane, collapsed shortly after a street car had passed over. An investigation is in progress to fix blame.

King county commissioners will soon call a special election for the purpose of submitting to the voters the question of issuing $500,000 bonds for the construction of the Lake Washington canal.

Though wages will be higher in the Palouse country than usual, the farmers are uneasy over the prospect of a shortage of help. The crop promises to be one of the heaviest ever harvested.

The summer school of the University of Washington opened Monday with a larger attendance than any prior session. Registration will occupy most of the first week. Besides a large number of special courses in the academic department, there will be work in most of the regular courses.

Spokane's new Masonic temple was dedicated last week, being the closing ceremony of the two weeks meetings of Masons at Spokane.

Contracts for the steel work for Seattle's new municipal building have been let. The contract calls for completion of the work in December.

Prizes were recently offered at the Pullman state college for the best dress made at a cost of less than $1. The first prize was awarded to Miss Gertrude McKay.

Reform appears to have taken North Yakima by storm. The city council has passed an ordinance throwing open the doors of saloon boxes. suppressing music boxes and steam pianos and prohibiting the sale of whisky to Indians.

Bank deposits in Spokane June 18, when the comptroller of the currency called for a report, exceeded any previous record in the history of the city. The deposits of the four national banks totalled $12,832,388, and the deposits in state, foreign and private banks made a total of nearly $20,000,000.

Military Governor for Manchuria.

London, June 25.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Tokyo says it is stated that Yang Shih Kai, governor of the province of Chili and commander-in-chief of the Chinese forces, will be appointed Chinese governor general of Manchuria, and that this indicates that China intends to pursue a strong policy there. Gen. Ashima, the correspondent adds, will head the Chinese administration, also bearing the title of governor general of Manchuria.

Half Holiday for Navy Yard

Washington. June 27.—Saturday half holidays dring the months of July, August and September have been granted by President Roosevelt to skilled mechanics and laborers and to all employes in the classified service at the navy yards and naval stations of the United States. The same benefit is extended in another general order to the skilled mechanics, laborers and employes in the classified service of the government printing office in Washington.

Working Up Sentiment

Bellingham, June 25.—Three members of the Citizens' Alliance of San Francisco are in the city to turn public sentiment against the striking sailors and longshoremen. They are trying to stir the unionists to riot by importing Japs.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT

Purchasing Prices.

The following prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seattle, and are subject to change without notice:

Grain—Oats, $30.00@31 per ton; barley, $24@24.50; wheat, chicken feed, $22@23; bran, $18; shorts, $19; corn, $25.

Hay—Eastern Washington, $21@21 per ton; Puget sound, $12@13; alfalfa, $12@13.

Eggs—Strictly fresh ranch, 22@24c

Poultry—Live hens, 15@15½c per lb; old roosters, 9½@10c; ducks, old, 14c, young, 16c; geese, 12c; turkeys, 16c; spring chickens, $3@5 per doz.

Wool—Eastern Washington, 18@22c per lb; Western Washington, 20@22c; dirty or timber-stained, 18@20c.

Live Stock—Sheep, wethers, 6c per lb; ewes 5@5½c; hogs, 6½@7c; steers, 4½c; cows, 3½c; calves, 5@7c; lambs, $3@5 per head.

Tacoma Quotations.

Wheat—Club, 72c; bluestem, 74c; red, 69c.

Oats $31.50@33.50; rolled oats, $33@34.50.

Hay, Alfalfa, etc.—Wheat hay, $15@16.50; timothy, $22@24; mixed, $13@17; clover, $16@18; alfalfa, $13.50@15.

Feed—Corn, $26; wheat, $26; barley, whole grain, $25.50; rolled, $26.50; bran, $18.50@19.50; shorts, $19.50@20.50.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 25c; chickens, dressed 21c; ducks, dressed, 15c; geese, dressed 16c. Live—Hens, 14c; spring chickens, 15@16c; ducks, 11c; geese, 12c.

Butter—Washington creamery, 21@22c.

Eggs—Washington ranch, 23.

WORK OF CONGRESS

REVIEW OF SESSION NOW NEAR ADJOURNMENT.

Railroad Rate Regulation, Meat Inspection, Panama Canal, Statehood and Alaska Delegate Among the More Important Measures Passed.

Washington, June 25.—Senator Hale, who in the absense of Senator Allison, is acting as chairman of the senate committee on appropriations, expresses confidence in the final adjournment of congress before the close of the present week.

His program will be to urge the consideration of appropriation bills and conference reports to the exclusion of all other matters, and with the supply bills finally passed there is no measure, unless it be the railroad rate bill, that can hold congress together. The Maine senator is of the opinion that the work can all be concluded by Friday, but says that in no event will it go beyond Saturday.

Federal Regulation

Important measures extending federal regulation and control have been enacted at the first session of the Fifty-ninth congress. The railroad rate and meat inspection bills will soon become laws, and before adjournment both houses will have passed pure food bills, which, though dissimilar in terms, are both based on the same principle of federal control. It is the present intention to try to adjust the differences before adjournment.

There has been no marked division on party lines in effecting the above results, the differences being only as to ways and means rather than as to policy.

Besides branching off into a new field of executive endeavor, the present congress has made itself important in other ways. It has added one, and perhaps two, new states to the Union, and by so doing disposed of four territories.

Great results to the people are expected from the removal of the tax on denatured alcohol, and, if predictions are fulfilled, heat, light and power are to be supplied by alcohol, made from the cornfields of the country, from sugar beets and sugar cane, from fruits and other vegetation.

Panama Canal

By a deft turn of legislative points of view, the questions that have perplexed congress for some time regarding the Panama canal have been settled.

The president may dig a lock canal as fast as he pleases. A joint resolution was agreed to requiring canal suppliess to be of American manufacture.

Congress has not dealt with the foreign situation to any extent. An act making a much needed reorganization of the consular service was passed. Nothing was done in the Santo Domingo controversy, and the legislation affecting our colonial possessions was megear and unimportant, although tariff revision for the Philippines received the attention and approval of the house and an act was passed revising the tariff collected by the Philippine government. A coinage act for the islands was also passed.

But congress talked about our own tariff law. It broke the record for words. Thousands and hundreds of thousands more than have been uttered at any other session were compiled in the congressional record. Not only on the floors of the two houses has the word record been heavy but the publications resulting from committee sessions are larger and more numerous than at any previous session.

A large number of bills were introduced in the two houses. The calendar records that the number reached nearly 20,500 more than were introduced during the entire sessions of the last congress.

Nine Hundred Millions

Before discussing the number of acts passed, it is interesting to note that with all the strenuous exertions of an appropriations committee in the house with a new chairman—Representative Tawney—it has been impossible to hold the appropriationns down to much less than $900,000,000, although "economy" has been the watchword from the start.

One of the important features of the session has been the careful scrutiny with which the demands of the different government departments have received at the hands of the house appropriations committee. The hearings accorded to government officials asking for money to run their departments and bureaus have been more exhaustive than ever before. The result has been the enactment of restraining legislation on nearly every appropriation bill which it is intended will have a beneficial effect hereafter.

Permanent Annual Charges

Although there has been an effort to prevent the enlargement of what is known as the "permanent annual appropriations," this character of expense has increased during the session to the extent of nearly $5,000,000.

Organized labor has succeeded in its requests of the present session of congress to the extent of securing the enactment of what is known as the "employers' liability bill." This enactment will make it possible for an employe to secure damages for his injury, notwithstanding his own negligence may have been in part responsible for the injury.

Another bill that doubtless will become a law is that limiting the hours of continuous service of railway trainmen to sixteen hours consecutive work, to be followed by ten hours' rest.

The much agitated eight hour day bill received a favorable vote in the house labor committee, but was too late to secure action at the hands of congress.

The anti-injunction bill was postponed in committee until the next session.

Alaskan Delegate

Alaska was given the right to send a delegate to congress and an act was passed whereby that territory will have a larger school and public improvement fund. The secretary of the interior was also authorized to allot homesteads to the natives of Alaska.

The "Immunity Bath"

Ten bills relative to the courts of the United States were passed. The important measure relative to court procedure is that which prescribes the exact procedure which must be followed by witnesses to secure immunity from prosecution later.

MUST FINISH BUSINESS SAYS SPEAKER CANNON

Washington, June 27.—Congress will stay in session until its work is finished. This is the dictum of Speaker Cannon and his lieutenants, and is being emphasized at this time to counteract any impression that the pure food bill at least might go over until next session.

There is trouble on the meat inspection bill, and the "tie-up" on the railroad rate bill indicates delay. The immgration bill is also in conference, as also are several of the appropriation bills.

All of these things must be worked out before any date for adjournment is set, according to the decision of the house leaders. When the work is done an adjournment resolution will be forthcoming in short order.

Members say there is is no need of prolonging the session if the conferees make up their minds that the work must be done and that agreements which will meet all demands can be arranged on all matters speedily. If the idea of prolonging the session for the purpose of killing certain bills is abandoned, they say, this week will see the end.

BRYAN'S CONSERVATISM DESCRIBED BY HIMSELF

Trondhjem, June 25.—Willian J. Bryan arrived here yesterday to attend the coronation. Mr. Bryan, taking for his text the statement that he was being described as conservative. said:

"I am not responsible for the phrases used in regard to me; but I am responsible for my position on public questions. That position ought to be well known. Take the trust question, for instance, as it seems to be uppermost just now. My position is that private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. That was the Democratic platform in 1900, and the plank was incorporated in 1904, and it is the only tenable position.

"There is some talk of controlling the trusts. You might as well talk of controlling burglary. We do not say they shall steal only a little bit, but that they shall not steal at all. It is so of private monopolies. It is not safe to regulate them, they must be absolutely and totally destroyed. Corporations should be controlled, but private monopolies must be exterminated root and branch. Now, you can call that a radical doctrine if you wish. Yet it is more conservative to apply this remedy now than to wait until predatory wealth has by its lawless action brought odium on legitimate accumulations.

"What used to be called radical is now called conservative, because people have been investigating. The doctrine has not changed, but public sentiment is making progress.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan will spend a week in Norway and will then go to England. They will sail for home late in August.

SCHEME TO CONSTRUCT CANAL ACROSS DARIEN

New York, June 27.—"La Semana," a Spanish weekly news bulletin, publishes a report from Colombia that the Bogota government has in contemplation a project for an interoceanic sea level canal through Darien, a modification of the original plan of the Atrato Truando route. According to the private advices which bring this information, Colombia has been assured of the co-operation of various sister republics of Latin-America.

The plans for the canal do not present any new engineering problem. More than half of the total cost, which it is estimated would be about $70,000,000, would be for labor. The laborers will be soldiers of the Colombian army and contingents of soldiers from the other republics interestsed in the project. Each country is expected to pay its own men as if they were in actual service. This co-operation is to be paid for by shares of stock of the canal and by certain franchises.

Anti-Shanghai Bill Passed

Washington, June 26.—The senate last night passed the bill prohibiting shanghaiing in the United States, and the bill authorizing the delivery to the Southern Historical Society of the unidentified battle flags of the Confederate army in the possession of the secretary of war.

WICKERSHAM CASE

NO VOTE ON CONFIRMATION AT THIS SESSION.

President Intimates, However, Alaska Judge Will Be Reappointed as Often as May Be Necessary---Wickersham Will Return at Once to Alaska.

Washington, June 26.—The Wickersham fight which has been waged in the senate judiciary committee and in the senate for two weeks is over for the present and it will not be renewed until next winter, if at all. The friends and supporters of the judge, who comprise more than nine-tenths of the membership of the senate, have given up hope of getting a vote at this session, for the filibuster inaugurated by Senator Nelson and Senator McCumber has shown staying qualities of the first order and a vote seems out of the question.

Judge Wickersham has been in Washington for several months under orders from the department of justice to remain here until his case is disposed of, will be appointed by the president as soon as the senate adjourns, the latter part of this week.

Determined to Reappoint Judge

Assurances of this have been given voluntarily by the president, who said to one of his callers last Sunday: "I expect to be in the office for two years and eight months, and Judge Wickersham shall remain upon the bench in Alaska as long as I remain here."

Judge Wickersham called on the president yesterday to pay his respects before leaving Washington for Alaska. On the strength of his interview at the White House he left this morning and will reach Alaska in the shortest possible time in order to open a term of court at Fairbanks. Judge Gunnison, of the Southeastern Alaska district, will probably be asked by the department of justice to go to Valdez for the purpose of holding a term of court there, so that Judge Wickersham may go immediately to Fairbanks, where a crowded docket awaits him.

Senator Foraker, who is a member of the subcommittee of the senate judiciary committee, which has had charge of the Wickersham case and is the judge's chief champion in the senate, became convinced last week that it would be impossible, on account of the extraordinary tactics employed by Senator Nelson, to secure a vote, and communicated the fact to Attorney General Moody.

After a conference with the president the attorney general wrote a letter saying the president would insist on keeping Judge Wickersham in office regarding him as one of the ablest judges on the bench in any of the territories and he regretted that a vote could not be had.

Will Be Seventh Appointment

The course pursued by Senators Nelson and McCumber has aroused strong feeling in the senate and the department of justice. The third division of Alaska has been deprived of a judge for six months, despite the fact that if dilatory tactics ending in an out-and-out filibuster had not been employed by the two senators the nomination of Judge Wickersham would have been confirmed at any time during the last ve months by a vote of something like 81 to 7 on a full vote of the senate.

This case has assumed a national aspect within the last few weeks since the case was brought up in executive sessions of the senate. The new appointment, which will be made on Siaturday or Monday next, will be the seventh that Judge Wickersham has received from the president. The case is almost unequalled in the annals of federal office holding, and certainly in the judiciary.

TO VISIT PANAMA

President Desires to Be Personally Acquainted With Conditions.

Washington, June 25.—President Roosevelt will visit the isthmus of Panama to make personal investigation of the construction work on the Panama canal. This announcement was made at the White House by Secretary Loeb. It is expected that the president will leave in October or early in November. He will be absent about three weeks.

The trip, it is believed, will be made on one of the big cruisers of the navy. None of the details have been worked out beyond the bare decision to make the trip. It is likely that the president will be accompanied by Secretary Taft and Chairman Shonts of the Panama canal commission.

The president has deisred to inspect the route of the canal for some time, and make himself personally familiar with the great undertaking. He will be able to spend at least a week in the zone, and in that time he will familiarize himself with the situation.

State Poultry Association

North Yakima, June 25.—The organization of the Washington State Poultry Association was completed by the election of the following officers: President, John Miller; vice president, Mrs. C. J. Grenache; secretary, Stephen H. Schreiner; treasurer, J. A. Adams; trustees, F. A. Morgan, O. A. Beasley, A. Kroeber and Mr. Schreiner. Arragements are being made for a big show next December.

ENGLAND CLEANING UP

Finds Conditions at Home that Need to Be Remedied.

London, June 23.—Consul Alexander Finn's special report on the Chicago stockyards should reach London Saturday, but it is not at all certain that it will be published. An official at the foreign office said:

"If the report is favorable to the packers, this government, by making it public, would be put in a position of apparent opposition to the American government, which is passing a law for the rigid inspection of the packers' products; if the report is unfavorable, then we should be committed to a condemnatory view of American industry on the evidence of a siugle official who is not an expert."

Consul Finn's regular report for the consular district of Chicago, just issued, says of cattle:

"Examination at the stock yards shows remarkably improved breeding and better care from year to year."

The tendency in Great Britain is to withdraw attention from the conditions in Chicago and demand an investigation of the innumerable small plants in this country. The demand is daily becoming stronger.

Tinners of ham, tongue, chicken, turkey and fish have received surprise visits from officials and reporters. Much insanitation has been discovered as well as msuch cleanliness.

The newspapers are teeming with letters alleging unhealthful conditions in the food industries in the various cities, and it is predicted that in a week's time practically every butcher and packer in the country will be on the defensive.

HAAKON CROWNED KING OF NORWAY

Trondhjem, June 23.—Haakon VII was crowned king of Norway yesterday at the Trondhjem cathedral, and is the first ruler Norway has had to itself in nearly 600 years. No attempt was made to imitate picturesqe ceremony of the Vikings. Everything was impressive in its simplicity.

The city was awakened by the firing of salutes by all the warships in the harbor. There were light showers.

The principal delegations of sight seers were from America. The official delegation from Chicago was headed by Mr. Gade, the Norwegian consul at Chicago. One thousand five hundred Norwegian Americans were present. Eighty members of the European royal houses were present. Sweden sent no delegation Passive objection was made to the coronation by the republicans and social democrats, who favored a republic. Order was maintained by 2,000 soldiers. The procession to the church was simple and composed of the king and queen, the court officials and a small escort.

The small party drove to the church, a distance of half a mile, through packed streets with utter absence of pomp and luxury. Five carriages were in the procession. The envoys drove to the church separately. The bishops of Christiania, Trondhjem and Bergen met them at the door and escorted the king and queen to the throne during a coronation march, especially composed. Then the ceremony took place, the dignitaries of the church officiating, and the bishop of Trondhjem praying at the close for divine blessings upon the monarch and the people.

The ceremony lasted an hour. Bishop Bang preached a sermon, after which the king, accompanied by his aides, walked to the altar, where Bishop Wexelson annointed him. The prayers were similar to the ones when Oscar II was crowned, but the symbols were more simple.

ICE MEN TO PAY BIG FINES AND GO TO JAIL

Toledo, O., June 27.—In common pleas court here Judge Kincaid imposed the maximum sentence of $5,000 fine and one year in the workhouse on each of the five ice men guilty of conspiracy in restraint of trade The court announced that if the members of the ice trust would lower the price of ice below what it was before the trust raised the price and keep it there until the public could get its money back, and then put the price up to where it was when the raise was made, it would consider the request made for a modiefiation of the sentence. The five men, all of them prominent in business and social circles, were taken to the county jail to await the making out of necessary papers to commit them to the workhouse, unless in the meantime they meet Judge Kincaid's requirements of restitution to the public.

State Assembly D. A. R.

Seattle, June 25.—The fifth state assembly of the Daughters of the American Revolution met Saturday at the Hotel Lincoln, with the Rainier chapter as hostess. The assembly was on of the most successful ever held by the chapters. Many prominent women were present from out of town.

Immigration Bill Passes House

Washington, June 26.—Under a rule limiting debate on all but two sections the so-called immigration bill was discussed for four hours in the house and passed without a yea and nay vote being permitted on any of the paragraphs.

No Increase in Saloons

Chicago, June 26.—After July 31 of this year no more saloons than are then in existence can be opened in Chicago until the population of the city is nearly double that of the present time, according to an ordinance just passed by the city council.

My Hair Ran Away

Don't have a falling out with your hair. It might leave you! Then what? That would mean thin, scraggly, uneven, rough hair. Keep your hair at home! Fasten it tightly to your scalp! You can easily do it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is something more than a simple hair dressing. It is a hair medicine, a hair tonic, a hair food.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

Don't Get Wet!

TOWER'S SLICKERS will keep you dry as nothing else will, because they are the product of the best materials and seventy years' experience in manufacturing.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

A. J. TOWER CO. Boston, U.S.A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., Ltd. Toronto, Can.

381

Pumpkin Pudding.

Press a pint of dry, cooked pumpkin through a colander; let one-half pint of milk get scalding hot and add to it one-quarter pound each of butter and granulated sugar; when the butter is melted, beat in very gradually eight eggs, which have been whipped until very light, flavor with the juice of a lemon, a grated nutmeg and a large teaspoonful of powdered mace and cinnamon mixed. Line a shallow pudding dish with good pastry, pour in the pumpkin mixture and bake in a quick oven. This is delicious.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

{SEAL}

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Short Suggestions.

Never scrape an iron enamel pot or pan, as that is what ruins it.

Charcoal tied in a bag and dropped into the cistern will purify the water.

Zinc is best cleaned with hot, soapy water, then polish with kerosene and coal ash.

When polishing stoves a fine gloss is obtained by adding a teaspoonful of alum to the ordinary black lead.

When making a steamed or boiled pudding put a plait in the cloth at the top to allow for the pudding to swell.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Chocolate Cake Filling.

Wet a half cake of grated vanilla chocolate with three tablespoonfuls of milk, rubbing them together, a little at a time, that they may be thoroughly blended; heat the mixture into an egg that has been whipped light with a cup of powdered sugar, then cook in a granite-lined saucepan until thick, stirring constantly.

Chile Con Carne.

Cut two pounds of steak into small pieces and fry in dripping or butter. Seed six chiles and cover with boiling water, soak until tender, then scrape the pulp into the water. When the steak is done add flour to the fat in the pan and brown it, stirring constantly. Cover with the chile water, add a little garlic and thyme and simmer until the meat is tender and the gravy thick and smooth.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Cream Waffles.

Beat two eggs with a pint of sour cream; add a teaspoon of soda, half a teaspoon of salt, with flour to make a thin batter. Pour in well-greased waffle irons, bake brown, butter and serve very hot.

German manufacturers are now turning out combs made from milk. The guess that they are to be used in combing hairs out of butter is probably wrong.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease FREE. Write Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y., for a free sample of Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures sweating, hot swollen, aching feet. It makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for corns, ingrowing nails and bunions. All druggists sell it. 25c. Don't accept any substitute.

AGONY OF EFFORT SHOWN.

Facial Casts Depict Expression of Athletic Contestants.

The strenuous athlete of the college cinder path may well look long and ponder much on a remarkable set of facial casts just completed by Dr. R. Tait McKenzie, physical director of the University of Pennsylvania. With the object of showing how the violent efforts of athletics to cut fractions of seconds from existing records affect the physique, Dr. McKenzie has made a series of models which reveal with life-like accuracy the effort with which the heroes of the cinder path win their victories. Dr. McKenzie based his facial models on photographic snapshots made at the time various athletic leaders were breaking the tape or surmounting the hurdles at Franklin field and other athletic centers.

The most remarkable of the models perhaps is that depicting violent effort. Were it not that the camera has depicted again and again the dreadful expression of a trained sprinter or jumper at the moment when he has called to his help every ounce of power in his entire being in order to do just a little better than his opponent, it would be difficult to believe that the contestant was amusing himself. The fact suggests the mesmerized man in Poe's story at the time of the attempted awakening. The lips are drawn tightly back from the teeth. The eyes are closed. The jaws are clinched. The lines of the face are deep. If the athlete were struggling for his life the expression of the face could not be more appalling. It is the concentration of agonized effort, the focusing of all the force in every fiber of a trained physique on winning of an athletic victory. The more one looks at the picture the greater is the temptation to doubt the value of a victory so won.

While not so fierce as violent effort, the marks made on the face by fatigue are bad enough. Gone is the last trace of the blitheness of youth. The face is that of a man tired of the battle of life and ready to welcome relief from the burden of the race. The expression is identical with that familiar to all attendants at big athletic meets when the contestants stumble through the last few yards of a long distance run. The lids of the eyes are drooping, the mouth open, the cheeks drawn as though in pain and the general expression that of a man who is about to burst into tears. Exhaustion akin to fatigue also shows in a face that is well known to those who have witnessed the last run in at a distance event. The heavy lines of the forehead, the open mouth, the drawn face, suggest despair and call for pity.—New York Tribune.

A CENTURY AGO.

The White House of to-day, with its recent scenes of luxury, offers a curious contrast to the Executive Mansion of a hundred years ago. After reading the accounts of the wedding decorations in honor of the President's daughter, one is interested to see what Mrs. Adams, the President's wife, says of the dwelling in 1800:

"The White House is built on a grand and superb scale. It takes thirty servants to attend to the work. One serious lack is that there are no bells in this great castle. Another is that there is no yard in which to hang clothes, and they have to be dried in the large audience-room. There are not enough lamps by a twentieth part to light the house, and there are no looking-glasses but dwarfs. Tea-parties have become very expensive. Not only tea, but coffee, negus, cake and sweetmeats are presented."

Life in those days was on a simpler and homelier plan than now. Imagine a diplomatic caller of the present finding the family wash flapping about in the audience-room! The big automobile that carried the newly married couple of the other day away from the White House would not have found such easy going in those good old times. In the heart of the city the wheels of the gilded carriages rolled through or stuck in the mud.

"I went to call," writes one Washingtonian, "and my carriage sank up to the axletrees. It had to be dragged out and scraped to remove the mud and slush, which stuck like glue."

The Rev. Manasseh Cutler, dining with the President, reports a menu consisting of fried eggs and fried beef; turkeys, ducks, and rounds of beef; and a "new foreign dish of macaroni." There was also a "new kind of pudding, very light and covered with cream sauce," which took the good parson's fancy.

In 1809 the White House was refurnished "splendidly" at an expense of $5,000.

Cost of London Police Force.

The City of London police force, which serves as the model for police organization all over the world, cost the citizens for the protection of their one square mile of territory last year £175,008. The main item of expenditure was salaries and wages to superintendents, clerks, inspectors and constables, £110,843; clothing, helmets and accoutrements were responsible for £4,459; and the ordinary constables' "bull's-eye lanterns cost for repairs and upkeep £340.

No Whiskers.

"How immaculate everything is kept around that soda fountain."

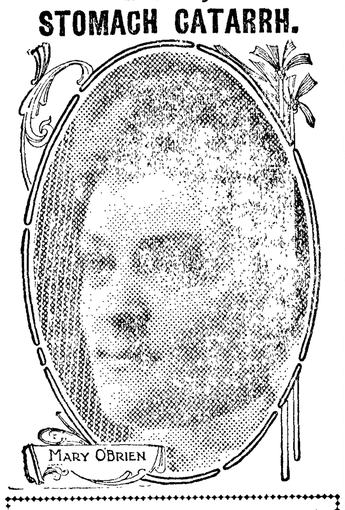
"Yes. Even the ice is freshly shaved every hour."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

When a married woman loses her temper her husband usually finds it.

ALL HAIL PE-RU-NA.

A Case of

STOMACH CATARRH.



Miss Mary O'Brien, 306 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"Peruna cured me in five weeks of catarrh of the stomach, after suffering for four years and doctoring without effect. In common with other grateful ones who have been benefitted by your discovery I say, **All hail to Peruna."**

Mr. H. J. Henneman, Oakland, Neb., writes:

"I waited before writing to you about my sickness, catarrh of the stomach, which I had over a year ago.

"There were people who told me it would not stay cured, but I am sure that I am cured, for I do not feel any more ill effects, have a good appetite and am getting fat.

"So I am, and will say to all, I am cured for good.

"I thank you for your kindness.

"Peruna will be our house medicine hereafter."

Catarrh of the stomach is also known in common parlance as dyspepsia, gastritis and indigestion. No medicine will be of any permanent benefit except it removes the catarrh.

A Great Tonic.

Mr. Austin M. Small, Astoria, Ore., writes: "During the hot weather of the past summer I lost my appetite. I tried Peruna, and found it pleasant to take, a splendid appetizer and a great tonic."

Time is a perennially interesting subject. Before the chronometer in the jeweler's window a procession is constantly passing. The banker pulls out his $700 repeater, compares it with the chronometer, and moves on. The office boy with just as much dignity consults the dollar timepiece that bulges his little waistcoat. Both are equally under the spell of time. As most persons know, England supplies the world with that valuable but impalpable commodity, that purely arbitrary thing which we call time. The meridian of the Royal Observatory at Greenwich is the point from which the day of the civilized world is reckoned; but in America the United States Naval Observatory in Washington determines Greenwich time, and distributes it by telegraph. In the end, the watch of the man in the street is set by the stars. Out of the vast number in the heavens there are some six hundred, visible either to the eye or the camera, which are known to be practically invariable. The astronomer selects one of them. Through the transit instrument—a telescope pointed at the meridian—he watches, telegraphic key in hand. On the lens of the telescope are eleven hair lines. The center one marks the meridian. As the star crosses each of these lines the operator presses his key, the wire of which connect with an automatic recording clock called a chronograph. This shows at what time the star crossed the meridian. Astronomical tables determine the time at which it should have crossed. Comparison of the standard clock with these tables shows whether or not the clock is right. The time is distributed at noon. Three minutes before 12 o'clock thousands of telegraph operators sit in silence, waiting for the click of the key which shall tell them that the "master clock" in Washington has begun to speak. At one minute before 12 it begins, beating every second until the fifty-fith. Then, after the pause, comes a single beat, which marks exact noon; and for another day the world knows that it has the correct time to the fraction of a second.

Cream of Oyster Soup.

Scald one quart of oysters in their own liquor; remove them from the liquor; chop them small and rub them through a fine sieve; put two level tablespoonfuls of butter in a pan, when melted add two tablespoonfuls of flour; add one cupful of oyster liquor, the oyster pulp, salt, pepper and paprika; just before serving add one cupful of whipped cream, beating it well into the soup.

Scones.

Sift one quart of flour; add half a teaspoon of salt, a teaspoon of sugar, a tablespoon of lard, one beaten egg, two teaspoons of cream tartar, one of soda and a pint of sweet milk. Mix to a thick batter, drop in squares on a very hot, greased griddle, and bake brown on both sides. Serve with butter and honey.

Young Wife—The landlord says he'll paper the bedroom, but will have to put it on over the old paper and not scrape the walls. Husband—Well, that's all right. Young Wife—But think, that room is much too small already.—American Spectator.

THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN

1310—Jacques de Molay, Grand Master of the Templars, burned at Paris.

1358—Insurrection of the peasantry of France began.

1501—Amerigo Vespucci started on his third voyage, going as far as Patagonia.

1502—Columbus sailed from Cadiz in search of a passage to the South Sea.

1610—Assassination of Henry IV. by Ravaillac.

1618—Calvanists seized the castle of Prague.

1621—Wedding of Edward Winslow and Susanna White, first couple married in Plymouth colony.

1632—Marechal de Marillac beheaded for conspiracy against Richelieu.

1641—Earl of Stratford beheaded in Tower of London on a false charge of treason.

1702—England declared war against France and Spain.

1747—Admiral Anson defeated French fleet off Finisterre.

1767—Prof. Cassini discovered the revolution of Venus.

1775—Continental Congress met in Philadelphia.

1791—Slavery abolished in French dominions.

1796—Treaty of Paris concluded.

1796—Vaccination for smallpox first applied by Dr. Jenner.

1810—Lord Byron swam the Dardanelles.

1814—Louis XVIII. entered Paris (the first restoration).

1826—Famous State prison at Sing Sing, N. Y., opened.

1837—New York banks suspended specie payment.

1846—Gen. Taylor defeated the Mexicans at Resaca de la Palma.

1849—Riot at Astor Opera house, New York.

1853—City of Schiraz. Persia, destroyed by earthquake.

1855—Universal Industrial Exhibition opened at Paris by Louis Napoleon.

1859—Napoleon III. declared war against Austria.

1860—Japanese embassy received at Washington.

1862—Ironclad Merrimac destroyed by Confederates.

1865—Trial of assassination conspirators begun in Washington.

1867—Russia ratified Alaskan cession treaty.

1869—Union Pacific and Central Pacific railroad completed.

1876—Centennial Exposition opened in Philadelphia.

1884—Mexican Congress ratified treaty with United States.

1886—Thirty-two persons killed by hurricane at Madrid.

1888—Phonograph exhibited for first time in perfected form, New York.

1892—Union Printers' Home at Colorado Springs dedicated.

1894—Torpedo boat Ericsson, first vessel of modern navy, built on inland waters, launched at Dubuque, Iowa.... Brazilian government severed diplomatic relations with Portugal..... Earthquake shocks in Greece.

1897—$3,000,000 fire in Pittsburg, Pa... Burning of charity bazaar in Paris; 180 persons perished.

1898—Execution of men who attempted to assassinate King George of Greece.

1902—Eruption of Mount Pelee.

1904—Japanese battleship Hatsuse sunk by mines; 450 perished.

Better Teaching of Three Rs.

Another interesting test of the present-day methods of public school education as compared with the known results of teaching more than half a century ago, has recently been made at Cleveland, Ohio. According to the School Journal, lists of words and arithmetic examples contained in the examination papers of the Springfield (Mass.) high school in 1846, which were submitted to the ninth grade of the Springfield school in 1895, have now been tried in one Cleveland school. Following is the list of words: Accidental, accessible, baptism, chirography, characteristic, deceitfully, descendent, eccentric, evanescent, fierceness, feignedly, ghastliness, gnawed, heiress, hysterics, imbecility, inconceivable, inconvenience, inefficient, irresistible. The comparative results show that the pupils of 1846 answered 40.6 per cent of the words correctly, those of 1895 51.2 per cent, while the Cleveland pupils in this year of grace spelled 61.2 per cent correctly. In the case of the arithmetic papers, the percentage of correct replies for 1846 was 40.6, in Springfield last year it was 52.1, and in Cleveland school at the recent test was 87.5.

American Steel for Frisco.

Chairman Gary of the United States Steel Corporation says that the steel mills of this country will have no difficulty in supplying San Francisco with all the steel needed for rebuilding, as it will be six months before any large amount will be called for.

To Study Native Filipinos.

The Field museum of natural history at Chicago has received a gift of $20,000 from Robert Y. Cummings to pay the expenses of an ethnological exploration of the native tribes of the Philippines.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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PATENTS

BARNES & CO SEATTLE

STARR-BOYD BLOCK

SEND for BOOK on PATENTS

Red Pepper Catsup.

Take four dozen red peppers; put on the fire in a quart of vinegar and water each, with two roots of horseradish grated and six sliced onions. Season with salt, pepper, spice and mustard seed; boil ten minutes and strain. Then add a teacupful of brown sugar, two ounces of celery seed, one of mace and a pint of strong vinegar. Boil one hour and bottle.

Maple Cream Fudge.

Break a pound of maple sugar into bits and crush. Add to it a pint of cream into which you have dropped a pinch of soda. Put over the fire and stir until the sugar is melted. Boil, stirring constantly, until a little dropped into cold water is brittle. Add a tablespoonful of butter, and, when this melts, pour into greased pans and mark off into squares.

The Russian student whose bomb blew him up was certainly "caught with the goods on."

Star Paint & Wall Paper Co. Inc.

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, GLASS BRUSHES AND MOULDINGS. Send for Sample Books of Wall Paper.

Wholesale and Retail 1308 Sec. Ave., SEATTLE

CELEBRATE THE 4th

Order a pair of Beatties Logging, Prospecting or Cruising Shoes from

R. L. BEATTIE, Pyer Dock, SEATTLE.

Western Seed for Western Planters

PUGET SOUND NURSERY & SEED CO. Sandahl & Son

SEED and NURSERY Stock of all descriptions. Write for prices

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S. N. U. NO. 26---1906.

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is the home where good cooking is loved, where the family enjoy the finest of biscuits, doughnuts, cakes, and pies and other good things every day. The baking is always delicious and wholesome because

K C Baking Powder

—the baking powder of the wave circle, is used.

Get K C to-day! 25 ounces for 25c. If it isn't all that we claim, your grocer refunds your money. Send for "Book of Presents."

JAQUES MFG. CO. Chicago.

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

Our Deal on Armour's Happy Day Soap is off. We will hereafter sell it at 7 Bars for 25c. If you like it you will be sure of getting it always at the same price.

Don't Forget Our Chase & Sanborn's Coffee

We can please you in price and quality There is no other Coffee as good at the same price. Trial will convince you.

Triple Blend Coffee 25c Old Homestead 30c

Seal Brand 40c (2 lbs. 75c) in air tight cans

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

'PHONE 38

J. C. HANSEN. C. E. CUSHING

— THE —

OLYMPIC = LEADER

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF CLALLAM COUNTY

Entered as Second-class Matter in the Post Office at Port Angeles, Washington.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

Subscription Price $1 per year.

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All Probate Notices of ordinary length, running three or four weeks, $5.00.
All legal notices of extraordinary length to be measured at proportionate rates.

FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1906.

Republican Convention

The republican county convention to select delegates to state convention and place in nomination a county ticket will be held Friday, Sept. 14th. The primaries are to be held Saturday, Sept. 8th, 123 delegates being selected on the basis of one for every ten votes or major portion thereof and one delegate-at-large for each precinct. The State convention will be held Sept. 19th.

PRECINCTS	DELEGATES	PRECINCTS	DELEGATE
Beaver	3	Piedmont	2
Belleview	4	Port Crescent	9
Elyn	3	Pysht	2
Clallam	3	Quillayue	3
De Fuca	2	Rena	3
Dungeness	10	Seguin	10
East Clallam	4	Shuwah	1
Edgewood	2	Twin	1
Eden	3	Vau Kuran	2
Elwah	2	Weaver	2
Forks	3	Hot Springs	1
Gettysburg	3	Port Angeles—	
Hoko Falls	2	First Ward	6
Lapush	2	Second Ward	7
Lost Mountain	3	Third Ward	4
Neah Bay	2	Fourth Ward	5
Norman	1	Fifth Ward	7
Ozette	2	Sixth Ward	4

Card of Thanks

Port Angeles, Wash., June 24, '06.

We the undersigned wish to thank the neighbors and friends who so kindly ministered to the comforts of our dear father in his late illness and death. And we shall ever feel very thankful for their kindness.

Mrs. Dora E. Fletcher,
Mr. James M. Lakin,
Mrs. Laura J. Yandle,
Mrs. Agnes Haley,
Mrs. J. W. Kitching.

NOTICE TO HUNTERS AND MOUNTAIN CLIMBERS

All persons are hereby warned against trespassing on my premises at Mount Angeles.

Arrangements for the temporary use of said premises can be made by calling at Westphal Home, or 'phone A 4.

REV. L. HAINES.

SEGUIN NOTES.

Saturday last was the warmest day of the season; the themometer registered 77 in the shade.

Many residents of Seguin went to Angeles Sunday to see the ball game.

Mrs. Henry Duncan and two children arrived from Michigan Tuesday to join her husband, who is working at Long's mill.

E. T. Huff is a business visitor here. He has lost considerable flesh since leaving this place but looks well and reports all well. Says it seems natural to be here again. He is engaged in cattle raising in B. C.

Supervisor Wooding is grading the front street and it will be much appreciated by all residents of this locality.

Commissioner Bugge was here Tuesday looking over road work.

Born to the wife of Bert Whitney Monday last a son.

There will be a Ball game here Sunday July Jst, between the Dungeness Nine and the Fort Flagler Aggregation. There will be an excursion from Flagler and we can expect to see a good game. Come.

Captain Horne met with an accident while returning home from Seguin Monday last. He was thrown from the buggy and struck a stump. It is thought no bones were broken.

The road crew earned the gratitude of the Seguin residents by repairing the bog hole in the Grant lane.

The committee on dancing have procured the services of Wm. Brown, violinist; Mrs. Gordon, pianist, and two pieces from the Fort Lawton Regimental band.

Seguin has honest children. As a proof of this, one boy was given ten dollars too much while getting a check cashed, and came back late at night to return the same. This is the place to raise honest boys.

Joe Kinner transacted business in Seguin Wednesday.

F. Snow, county game warden, was a Seguin visitor Wednesday last, posting notices of reward for violations of the game laws.

There will be a match race here on the Fourth between the brown mare "Babe" and W. Martin's "Hyack," for $100.

No. 338.

NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT OF FINAL ACCOUNT

In the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Anderson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, That John Johnson, administrator of the estate of Henry Anderson, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington, his final account as such administrator; and that Saturday the 21st day of July, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the court room of our said Superior Court, in the City of Port Angeles, in said Clallam County, has been duly appointed by our said Superior Court, for the settlement of the final account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to the said final account, and contest the same.

Witness, the Hon. Geo. C. Hatch, Judge of the said Superior Court, and the seal of said Court affixed this 18th day of June, 1906.

[SEAL.] E. A. FITZHENRY, Clerk.

Date of first publication June 22d, 1906.
A. A. Richardson, Attorney.

CHURCH SERVICES

Congregational Church. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Morning worship at 11:00. Rev. Geo. N. Edwards, pastor. Morning, Communion Service. In the evening, Union meeting here with the M. E. church. Sermon by Rev. Graham.

Regular meetings at First M.E. Church as follows:

Official Board, first Monday of month.

Epworth League, (business) first Wednesday of each month.

Sunday School Board, second Wednesday of each month.

Ladies Aid Society, every two weeks Wednesday afternoon.

Prayer meeting, every Thursday even'g.

Sunday Services: Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.; Preaching, 11:00 a. m.; Epworth League, 6:30 p.m.; Preaching, 7:30 p.m. Music led by the orchestra for these services. Everybody will be made welcome.

CEO. F. GRAHAM, Pastor.

St. Andrews Church. The usual services will be held at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. Sunday school at 10 a.m. Choir practice Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Parents are earnestly requested to send their children for religious instruction at Sunday school.

Parlor Theater

Commencing July 2—One Week.
Polite Vaudeville.

Two performances each evening, 8:00 and 9:15. Matinee 2:30 p. m. Wednesday and Saturday.

The Ray Ogden Dramatic Co.

High-class artists, whose clean up-to-date wo k never fails to please ladie and children particularly, producing laughter one moment, tears the next. Plays that teach; plays that touch the heart.

William Johnsing Brown.

The Unbleached American comedian, singer and dancer, whose artistic work is seldom equalled and never excelled. Sew your buttons on good and tight or you'll lose 'em.

New Illustrated Songs.

"Somebody is Waiting for Me;" "Soldier Boy in Blue;" "Why Don't They Play With Me."

The Edison Kinnetoscope.

With a carefully selected lot of Moving Picture Films, comic and otherwise.

Prices as usual, adults 15c, children 10c.

NOTICE

Twenty-five Dollars will be paid for evidence leading up to conviction of anybody killing or dogging deer out of season.

F. SNOW,
Game Warden Clallam County.

No. 303.

NOTICE AND SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION.

In the Superior court of the state of Washington, for Clallam county.

W. F. Delabarre, plaintiff
vs.
John M. Rudd,

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming ao interest or estate in and to the hereinfter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to John M. Rudd who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff, W. F. Delabarre is the holder of delinquent tax certificate No. 800 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots one (1) to six (6) inclufive in block two (2) of Philpots addition to the City of Port Angeles.

That said certificate was issued on the 15th day of April 1903 for the sum of $5 56 for the delinquent taxes for the years 189[illegible], 1898, 1899, 1900, and 1901, that the taxes for the following years have been paid by the olaintiff, to-wit: the year 1902 the sum of 50 cents, the year 1904 the sum of fifty cents; the year 1904 the sum of 50 cents, and the year 1905 the sum of 54 cents, which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum from said date of payment.

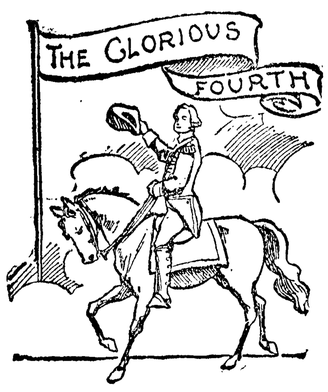
You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication, to-wit: within sixty days after the 22nd day of June, 1906, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties, and interest; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

W. F. Delabarre, Plaintiff.
Trumbull & Trumbull, Att'ys for Plaintiff
Post office address, Port Angeles, Wash.
Date of first publication June 22, 1906

A. D. WILLSON
Undertaker
—AND—
Embalmer

17 Years Practical Experience.
FIRST ST.
EAST OF LAUREL, PORT ANGELES

We'll all have a thumping good time on the **Fourth of July**



But we will first go to the **Times Clothing Mart** to get rigged out

Port Angeles Great Emporium for All Men's Wear

CLOTHING

Our Immense Stock of Boys' and Men's Clothing will be on sale for this month only at the greatly reduced rate of

10 per cent Off

the regular price.

MEN'S

First class mixed goods, union made and reliable goods, **$4.50 to $10.00**

Best worsted goods, latest cut and style, in black, blue, brown and greys, **10.00 to 15.00**

Best all wool suits, sewn with silk all over, the newest goods, ...**15.00 to 22.00**

Men's odd pants 1.90 to 6.50

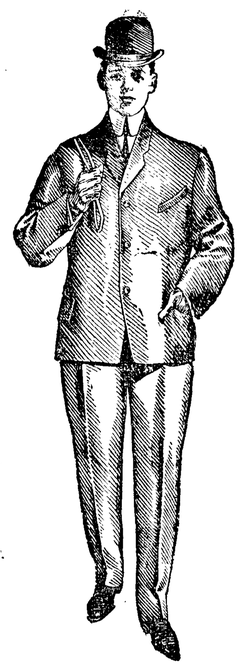
BOYS'

Knee pant suits from **2.95 to 6.00**

Boys' Fourth of July summer washing suits, sizes 4, 4, 7, and 8, only, ...**95c**

Boys' odd knee pants, any size, per pair, ...**50c**

Boys' fine duck washing waist dressed, ...**65c**



SHOES

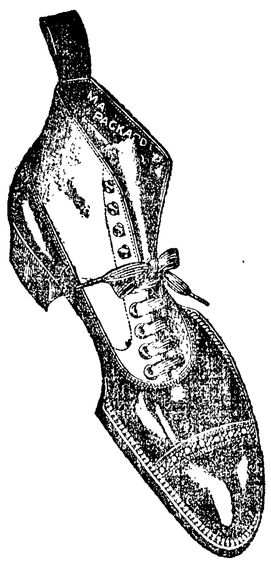
Nowhere in town can you get the selection of footwear that you can at the Times Clothing Mart. Everything from an infant's shoe to the largest size men's logging shoes.

Men's Fine Dress Shoes from 2.00 to 4.50.

Men's Short Working shoes 1.25 to 3.00.

Men's High Working shoes 2.75 to 5.50.

Men's Oxford Ties, half shoes, 1.25 to 3.50.



We've a line of **Men's Fine Dress Shoes** in Vici, Calf, aand Patent, the new last with military heel, shape as cut, at 3.50 and 3.75.

Ladies' Dress Oxfords 1.25 to 2.00.

Ladies' High Shoes for street wear, 1.50 to 3.50.

The **Ladies' "Juliet"** shoes with cork sole and rubber heel at 1.75 a pair are a boon to all who suffer from their feet.

FURNISHINGS

Our line of Underwear, Socks, Shirts, etc., was never in such good variety and shape as now. Our stock of Ties in beautiful colors and cute designs has become a by-word Call and see for seeing is believing.

Men's Four-in-Hands 25c
The Hook-on Kind 25c
The Bows, from .....10c up

HATS

Over and above our Hat Department has never been better equipped than at present.

The Conqueror Hat, first and foremost $3.00 Hat on the Coast.

Our Red Letter and other high grade Hats $2.00.

Crush Hats from $1.00 to $3.00 according to quality.

Straw Hats for haying, 10c each

Straw Hats for street wear 25c up

Best quality Novelty Straws 75c, 1.00 and 1.50.

Ladies and Children's Caps and Hats in great variety

DRY GOODS

Heavy Flannellette.....12½c
White Outing 8⅓c
Lonsdale Muslin 10c
Colored Outing.....8⅓c
All fancy Dress Ginghams reduced to 10c yard, well worth 15c
Apron Gingham 7c
Best Calico.....6c
Silkolene 12½c

For a little while we will sell the **35c grade of Ladies Underwear for 25c** a garment, 50c a suit. Come early and get your size.

American Lady Corsets
$1 a pair
the same grade as the other stores sell for 1.25 and 1.50.

Khaki Clothing
$2.00 Suit
Coat and Pants

FLAGS

Large assortment of Flags in all Sizes from 5c to 50c with sticks

Tri-Color and Stars and Stripes Decoration
Bunting 5½ cts
a yard. Order early before it is all gone.

Do not wait, but order your

MADE TO MEASURE SUIT

Now. Be in time.

TIMES CLOTHING MART